

Embedding a debugger in your PyTango device

Anton Joubert (SARAO)

Matteo Di Carlo (INAF)

Is it possible to debug a device?

Yes and we have tested the following options:

- The pdb debugger
- Remote debugging with debugpy (vscode)

Note that there are other options.

Pdb debugger

Pdb is a python module which defines an interactive source code debugger

It does not have the ability to attach to a running program

So to use it we must go into the container, kill the running device server and restart it with the debugger module

Pdb debugger

Note that by default the pdb debugger works only with the main thread.

```
tango@centralnode-01-0 /app$ python3 -m pdb /usr/local/bin/CentralNodeDS 01  
> /usr/local/bin/CentralNodeDS(3)<module>()  
-> import re
```

```
(Pdb) break /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/centralnode/central_node.py:127  
Breakpoint 1 at /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/centralnode/central_node.py:127
```

```
(Pdb) continue
```

```
Downloading https://hpiers.obspm.fr/iers/bul/bulc/Leap_Second.dat
```

```
|=====|  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:03.600Z|INFO|MainThread|write_loggingLevel|base_device.py#1001|tango-device:  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:03.601Z|INFO|MainThread|update_logging_handlers|base_device.py#305|tango-dev  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:03.602Z|DEBUG|MainThread|_init_logging|base_device.py#691|tango-device:ska_m  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:03.669Z|INFO|MainThread|exit|core.py#131||Finished processing state UNINITIA  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:03.669Z|INFO|MainThread|enter|core.py#125||Finished processing state INIT er  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:03.669Z|INFO|MainThread|_update_state|base_device.py#821|tango-device:ska_mi  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:03.670Z|INFO|MainThread|callbacks|core.py#1084||Executed callback '<bound me  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:03.670Z|DEBUG|MainThread|do|base_device.py#616|tango-device:ska_mid/tm_centra  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:03.671Z|DEBUG|MainThread|do|base_device.py#630|tango-device:ska_mid/tm_centra  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:03.671Z|INFO|MainThread|do|base_device.py#635|tango-device:ska_mid/tm_centra
```

```
> /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/centralnode/central_node.py(127)do()  
-> self.logger.info("Device initialising...")
```

```
(Pdb) continue
```

```
1|2021-03-04T10:53:09.141Z|INFO|MainThread|do|central_node.py#127|tango-device:ska_mid/tm_centra  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:09.142Z|DEBUG|MainThread|do|central_node.py#139|tango-device:ska_mid/tm_cent  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:09.143Z|INFO|MainThread|do|central_node.py#172|tango-device:ska_mid/tm_centra  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:09.143Z|INFO|MainThread|_call_do|commands.py#212|tango-device:ska_mid/tm_cen  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:09.145Z|INFO|MainThread|exit|core.py#131||Finished processing state INIT exi  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:09.146Z|INFO|MainThread|enter|core.py#125||Finished processing state OFF ent  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:09.146Z|INFO|MainThread|_update_state|base_device.py#821|tango-device:ska_mi  
1|2021-03-04T10:53:09.147Z|INFO|MainThread|callbacks|core.py#1084||Executed callback '<bound me
```

```
Ready to accept request
```

```
|
```

Pdb debugger: Threading

```
tango@centralnode-01-0:/app$ python3 -m pdb /usr/local/bin/CentralNodeDS 01
> /usr/local/bin/CentralNodeDS(3)<module>()
-> import re
(Pdb) break /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/centralnode/central_node.py:314
Breakpoint 1 at /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/centralnode/central_node.py:314
(Pdb) continue
> /usr/local/bin/CentralNodeDS(9)<module>()
```

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
import re
import sys
from centralnode.central_node import main
if __name__ == '__main__':
    sys.argv[0] = re.sub(r'(-script\.pyw|\.exe)?$', '', sys.argv[0])
    import pdb; pdb.Pdb(nosigint=True).set_trace()
    sys.exit(main())
```

```
def StartUpTelescope(self):
```

```
    This command invokes SetOperateMode() command on DishL
    SdpMasterLeafNode and SubarrayNode and sets the Centra
```

```
    import pdb; pdb.Pdb(nosigint=True).set_trace()
```

```
    handler = self.get_command_object("StartUpTelescope")
    (result_code, message) = handler()
    return [[result_code], [message]]
```

```
7Z|INFO|MainThread|write_loggingLevel|base_device.py#1001|tango-dev
7Z|INFO|MainThread|update_logging_handlers|base_device.py#305|tango
7Z|DEBUG|MainThread|_init_logging|base_device.py#691|tango-device:s
5Z|INFO|MainThread|exit|core.py#131||Finished processing state UNIN
5Z|INFO|MainThread|enter|core.py#125||Finished processing state INI
5Z|INFO|MainThread|_update_state|base_device.py#821|tango-device:sk
5Z|INFO|MainThread|callbacks|core.py#1084||Executed callback '<boun
1|2021-03-04T11:11:08.077Z|DEBUG|MainThread|do|base_device.py#616|tango-device:ska_mid/tm_c
4T11:11:08.077Z|DEBUG|MainThread|do|base_device.py#630|tango-device:ska_mid/tm_c
4T11:11:08.077Z|INFO|MainThread|do|base_device.py#635|tango-device:ska_mid/tm_ce
4T11:11:08.077Z|INFO|MainThread|do|central_node.py#127|tango-device:ska_mid/tm_c
4T11:11:08.077Z|DEBUG|MainThread|do|central_node.py#139|tango-device:ska_mid/tm_c
4T11:11:08.078Z|INFO|MainThread|do|central_node.py#172|tango-device:ska_mid/tm_c
4T11:11:08.078Z|INFO|MainThread|_call_do|commands.py#212|tango-device:ska_mid/tm_c
4T11:11:08.078Z|INFO|MainThread|exit|core.py#131||Finished processing state INIT
4T11:11:08.078Z|INFO|MainThread|enter|core.py#125||Finished processing state OFF
4T11:11:08.078Z|INFO|MainThread|_update_state|base_device.py#821|tango-device:sk
1|2021-03-04T11:11:08.078Z|INFO|MainThread|callbacks|core.py#1084||Executed callback '<boun
Ready to accept request
1|2021-03-04T11:11:13.042Z|DEBUG|Dummy-1|log_stream|log4tango.py#138|tango-device:ska_mid/t
> /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/centralnode/central_node.py(312)StartUpTelescope()
-> handler = self.get_command_object("StartUpTelescope")
(Pdb)
```

Remote debugging

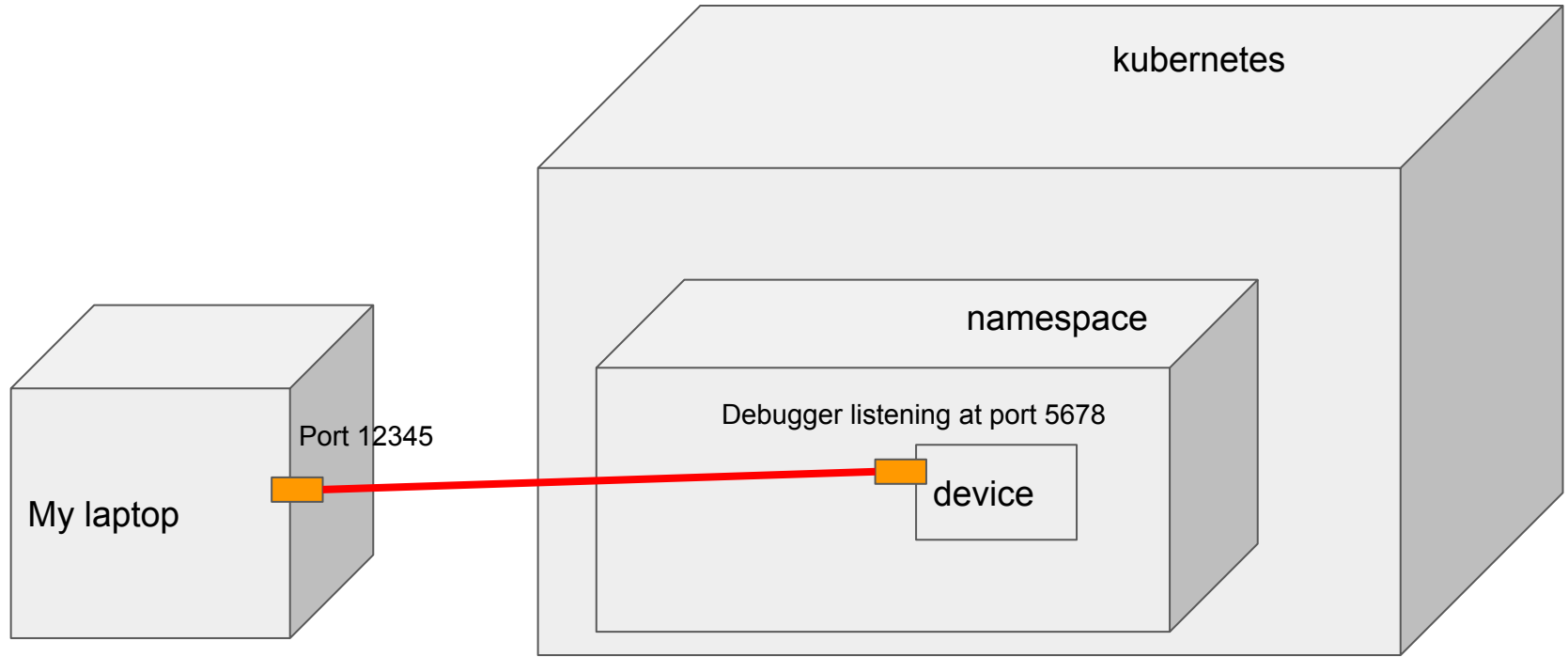
The remote debugging requires a debugger listening from a port in the remote machine (in our case a container)

If the debugger is listening to a port, we need to port-forward it to a local port (feature of kubernetes)

```
$ kubectl port-forward centralnode-01-0 12345:5678 -n  
ci-debug-matt
```

With non-kubernetes machines, ssh could do something similar.

As if the debugger listen to a local port of my laptop



debugpy library

vscode extensions uses this python library for remote debugging:

<https://github.com/microsoft/debugpy>

It is an adapter of the pydevd used in PyCharm

[https://github.com/fabioz/PyDev.Debugger/](https://github.com/fabioz/PyDev.Debugger)

How it works:

- CLI: `python -m debugpy --listen localhost:5678 mydevice.py`
- From code:
 - `import debugpy`
 - `debugpy.listen(5678)`

Debug this thread method

A standard TANGO Device server does not use Python threads so most method calls are not debuggable unless we make them aware of the debugger.

Threads per device server? $8 + \textit{num polling} + \textit{num connected clients}$

Debug this thread method

Same situation of the pdb debugger (debugpy uses the standard pdb library).

In every method we want to debug we must add the following line of code:

```
debugpy.debug_this_thread()
```

https://github.com/microsoft/debugpy/wiki/API-Reference#debug_this_thread

Makes the debugger aware of the current thread, and start tracing it. Must be called on any background thread that is started by means other than the usual Python APIs (i.e. the threading module), in order for breakpoints to work on that thread.

Using vscode: .vscode/launch.json

We must configure the vscode to work with the remote debugger

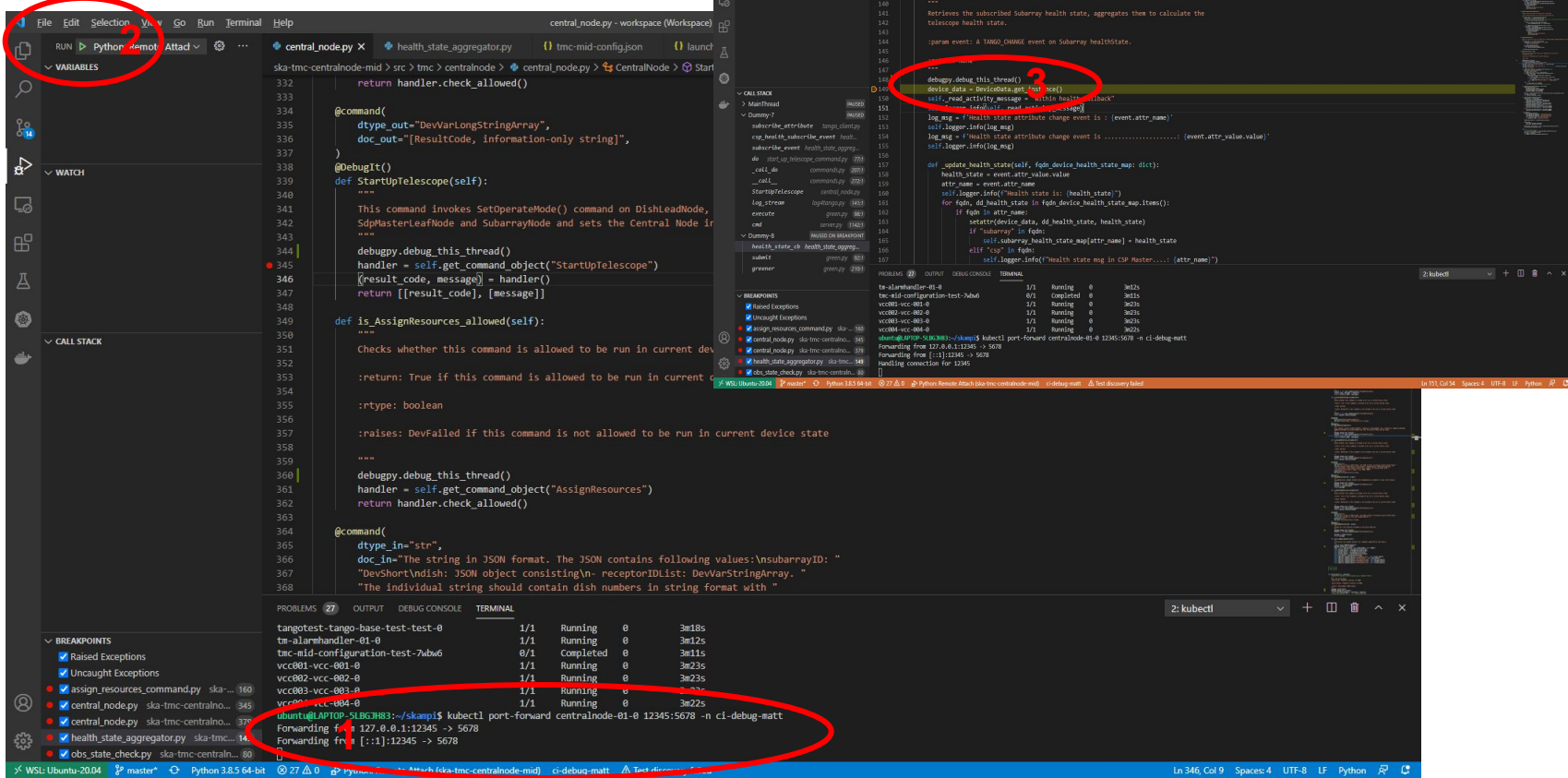
```
{
  "configurations": [
    {
      "name": "Python: Remote Attach",
      "type": "python",
      "request": "attach",
      "connect": {
        "host": "127.0.0.1",
        "port": 12345,
        "justMyCode": false,
      },
      "pathMappings": [
        {
          "localRoot": "${workspaceFolder}",
          "remoteRoot": "/app"
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

PyCharm?

PyCharm debugger probably won't work for Kubernetes, as PyCharm hosts the debugger service.

It could work in environments that allow a connection to be established from the device server to the PyCharm host.

Just press the play button



Adding to the SKABaseDevice?

```
src > ska_tango_base > base_device.py > SKABaseDevice > DebugDevice
```

```
1725
1726 @command(
1727     dtype_out="DevUShort",
1728     doc_out="The TCP port the debugger is listening on."
1729 )
1730 def DebugDevice(self):
1731     """
1732     Enables remote debugging of this device.
1733
1734     Starts the ``debugpy`` debugger listening for remote connections
1735     (via Debugger Adaptor Protocol), and patches all methods so that
1736     they can be debugged.
1737
1738     If the debugger is already listening, additional e
1739     command will trigger a breakpoint.
1740     """
1741     command = self.get_command_object("DebugDevice")
1742     return command()
```

1. Add new command: DebugDevice

2. Patches (almost) all the methods

[See source code on gitlab](#)

```
src > ska_tango_base > base_device.py > SKABaseDevice > DebugDeviceCommand > patch_method
```

```
1702
1703 def patch_method_for_debugger(self, name, method):
1704     """Ensure method calls trigger the debugger.
1705
1706     Most methods in a device are executed by calls from threads spawned
1707     by the cppTango layer. These threads are not known to Python, so
1708     we have to explicitly inform the debugger about them.
1709     """
1710
1711     def debug_thread_wrapper(orig_method, *args, **kwargs):
1712         debugpy.debug_this_thread()
1713         return orig_method(*args, **kwargs)
1714
1715     patched_method = partial(debug_thread_wrapper, method)
1716     setattr(self.target, name, patched_method)
```

Adding to the SKABaseDevice?

```
src > ska_tango_base > base_device.py > SKABaseDevice > DebugDevice
```

```
1725
1726 @command(
1727     dtype_out="DevUShort",
1728     doc_out="The TCP port the debugger is listening on."
1729 )
1730 def DebugDevice(self):
1731     """
1732     Enables remote debugging of this device.
1733
1734     Starts the ``debugpy`` debugger listening for remote connections
1735     (via Debugger Adaptor Protocol), and patches all methods so that
1736     they can be debugged.
1737
1738     If the debugger is already listening, additional e
1739     command will trigger a breakpoint.
1740     """
1741     command = self.get_command_object("DebugDevice")
1742     return command()
```

1. Add new command: DebugDevice

2. Patches (almost) all the methods

[See source code on gitlab](#)

```
src > ska_tango_base > base_device.py > SKABaseDevice > DebugDeviceCommand > patch_method
```

```
1702
1703 def patch_method_for_debugger(self, name, method):
1704     """Ensure method calls trigger the debugger.
1705
1706     Most methods in a device are executed by calls from threads spawned
1707     by the cppTango layer. These threads are not known to Python, so
1708     we have to explicitly inform the debugger about them.
1709     """
1710
1711     def debug_thread_wrapper(orig_method, *args, **kwargs):
1712         debugpy.debug_this_thread()
1713         return orig_method(*args, **kwargs)
1714
1715     patched_method = partial(debug_thread_wrapper, method)
1716     setattr(self.target, name, patched_method)
```

Example

1. Use DeviceProxy to enable

2. Press play

```
>>> import tango
>>> dp = tango.DeviceProxy("tango://172.17.0.3")
>>> dp.DebugDevice()
5678
>>>
```

3. Set your breakpoint

```
>>> dp.On()
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
```

4. Cause execution
(command may timeout on
client side)

The screenshot shows a Python IDE with a remote connection to a device. The top panel displays the code for base_device.py, which includes a class SKABaseDevice with methods do and is_On_allowed. A breakpoint is set at line 1604 in the do method. The bottom panel shows the call stack, which includes MainThread, Thread-1, and Dummy-2. The Dummy-2 thread is paused on the breakpoint at line 1604:1 in base_device.py. The left sidebar shows the VARIABLES, Locals, and Globals panels, with the Locals panel showing the self variable pointing to <ska_tango_base.base_devi....

```
base_device.py — ska-tango-base

src > ska_tango_base > base_device.py > SKABaseDevice > OnCommand > do
1593 super().__init__(target, state_model, "on", logger=logger)
1594
1595
1596
1597
1598
1599
1600
1601
1602
1603
1604 message = "On command completed OK"
1605 self.logger.info(message)
1606 return (ResultCode.OK, message)
1607
1608
1609
1610
1611
1612
1613
1614
1615
1616
1617
1618

def do(self):
    """
    Stateless hook for On() command functionality.

    :return: A tuple containing a return code and a string
             message indicating status. The message is for
             information purpose only.
    :rtype: (ResultCode, str)
    """
    message = "On command completed OK"
    self.logger.info(message)
    return (ResultCode.OK, message)

def is_On_allowed(self):
    """
    Check if command `On` is allowed in the current device state.

    :raises `tango.DevFailed`: if the command is not allowed

    :return: `True` if the command is allowed
    :rtype: boolean
    """
    command = self.get_command_object("On")
    return command.check_allowed()
```

VARIABLES

Locals

self: <ska_tango_base.base_devi...

Globals

CALL STACK

MainThread PAUSED

Thread-1 PAUSED

Dummy-2 PAUSED ON BREAKPOINT

do base_device.py 1604:1

_call_do commands.py 207:1

__call__ commands.py 273:1

On base_device.py 1638:1

debug_thread_wrapper base_...

Example

1. Use DeviceProxy to enable

2. Press play

```
>>> import tango
>>> dp = tango.DeviceProxy("tango://172.17.0.3")
>>> dp.DebugDevice()
5678
>>>
```

3. Set your breakpoint

```
>>> dp.On()
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
```

4. Cause execution
(command may timeout on
client side)

The screenshot shows a Python IDE with a remote connection to a device. The top panel displays the code for base_device.py, which includes a class SKABaseDevice with methods do and is_On_allowed. A breakpoint is set at line 1604 in the do method. The bottom panel shows the call stack, which includes MainThread, Thread-1, and Dummy-2. The Dummy-2 thread is paused on the breakpoint at line 1604:1 in base_device.py. The left sidebar shows the VARIABLES, Locals, and Globals panels, with the Locals panel showing the self variable pointing to <ska_tango_base.base_devi....

```
base_device.py — ska-tango-base

src > ska_tango_base > base_device.py > SKABaseDevice > OnCommand > do
1593 super().__init__(target, state_model, "on", logger=logger)
1594
1595
1596
1597
1598
1599
1600
1601
1602
1603
1604 message = "On command completed OK"
1605 self.logger.info(message)
1606 return (ResultCode.OK, message)
1607
1608
1609
1610
1611
1612
1613
1614
1615
1616
1617
1618

def do(self):
    """
    Stateless hook for On() command functionality.

    :return: A tuple containing a return code and a string
             message indicating status. The message is for
             information purpose only.
    :rtype: (ResultCode, str)
    """
    message = "On command completed OK"
    self.logger.info(message)
    return (ResultCode.OK, message)

def is_On_allowed(self):
    """
    Check if command `On` is allowed in the current device state.

    :raises `tango.DevFailed`: if the command is not allowed

    :return: `True` if the command is allowed
    :rtype: boolean
    """
    command = self.get_command_object("On")
    return command.check_allowed()
```

VARIABLES

Locals

self: <ska_tango_base.base_devi...

Globals

CALL STACK

MainThread PAUSED

Thread-1 PAUSED

Dummy-2 PAUSED ON BREAKPOINT

do base_device.py 1604:1

_call_do commands.py 207:1

__call__ commands.py 273:1

On base_device.py 1638:1

debug_thread_wrapper base_...

Conclusion

- pdb debugger from console (no attach option)
- debugpy and vscode
- Listening debugpy session:
 - May affect performance
 - Is a security hole
 - Cannot be turned off again

Both pdb and debugpy require a trace for non-Python threads.

[SKABaseDevice source code on gitlab](#)