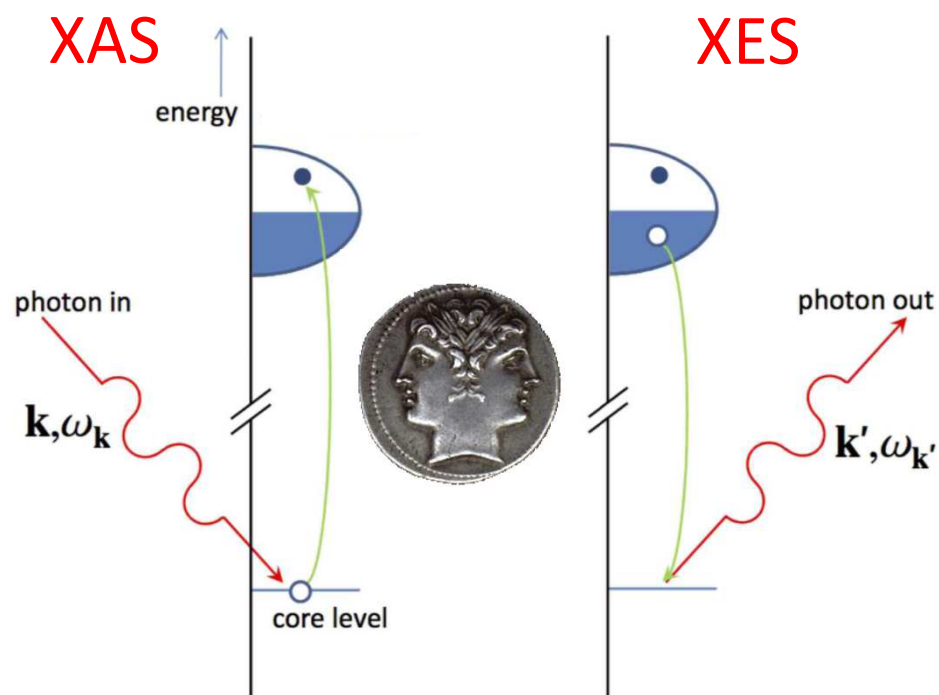


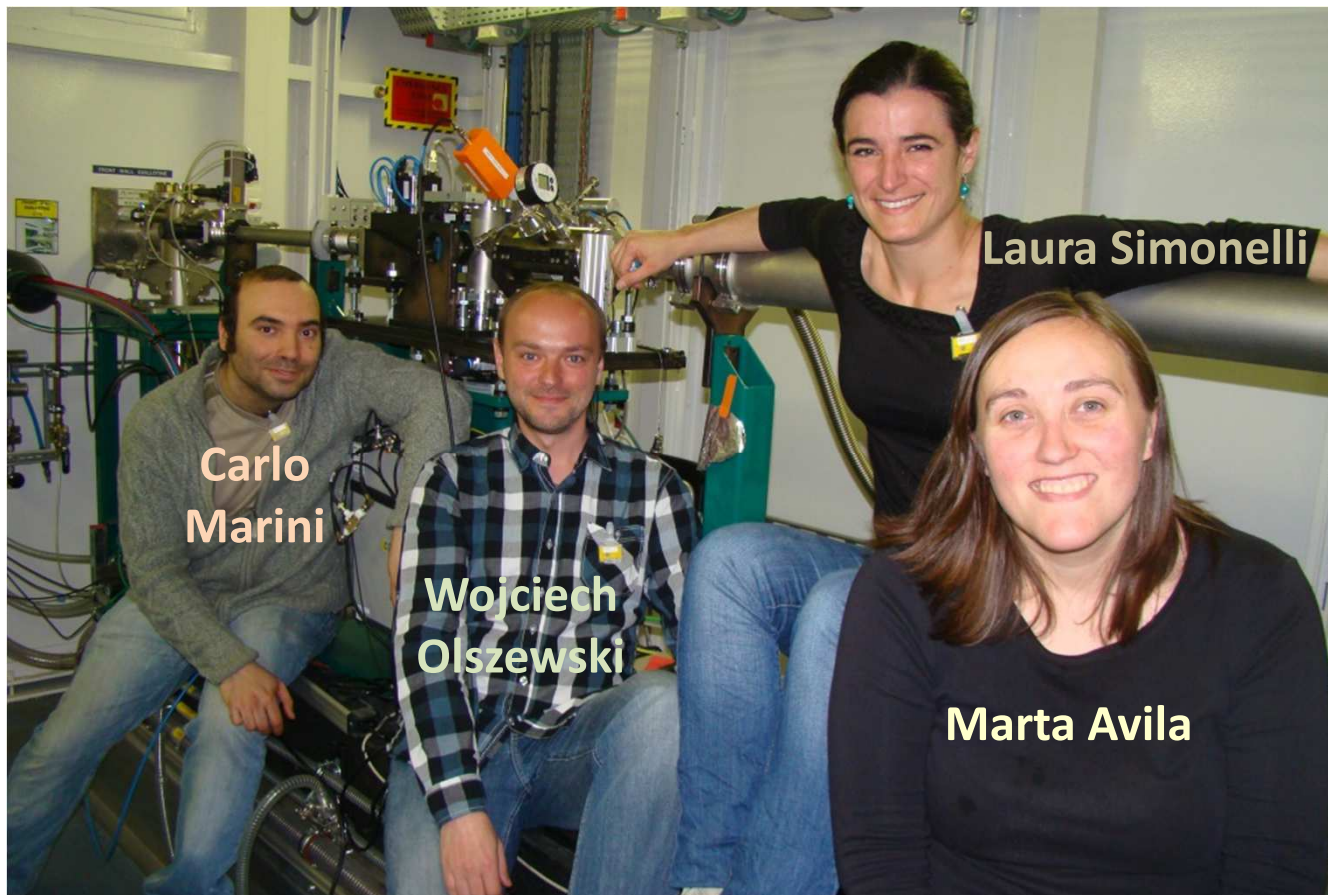
Core Level Absorption & Emission Spectroscopies

Laura Simonelli



Core Level Absorption & Emission Spectroscopies

The completed CLÆSS team



OUTLINE

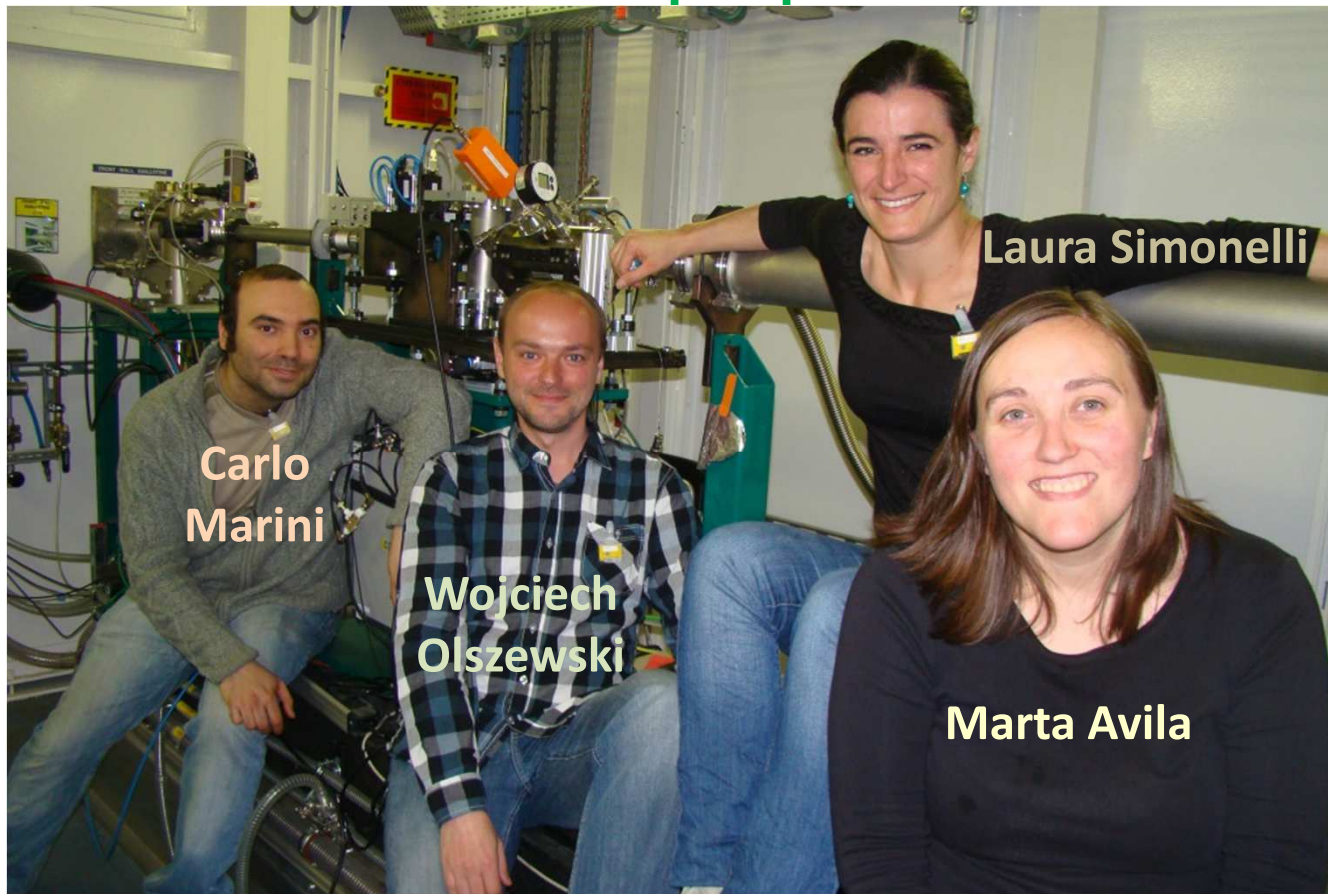
Beam time allocation

Users feedback

Users/IH research

BL22 status

Future and perspective



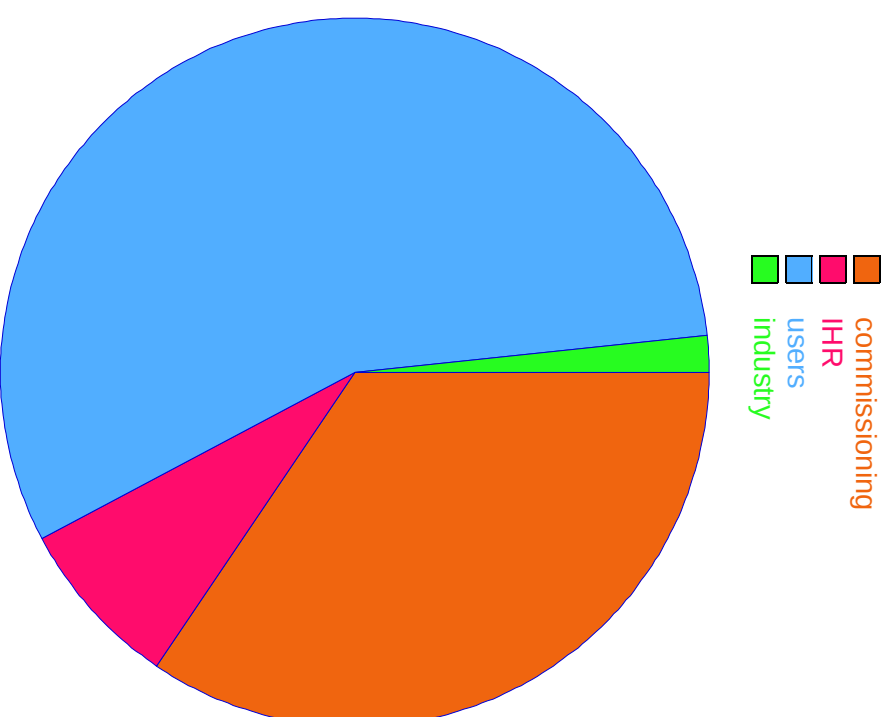
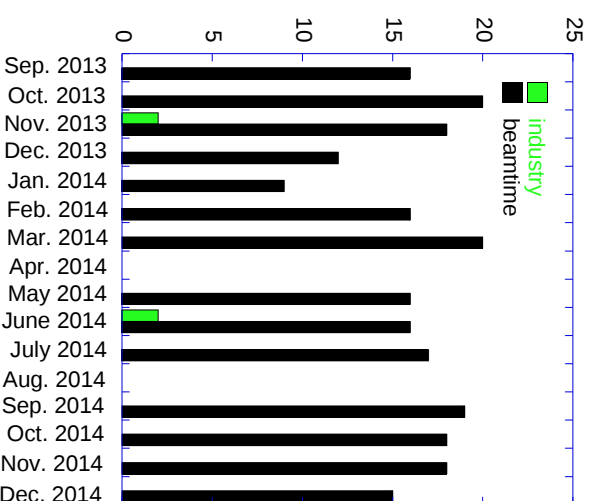
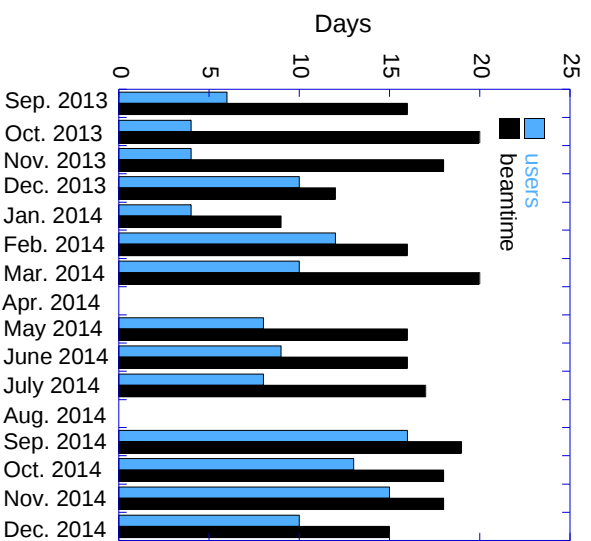
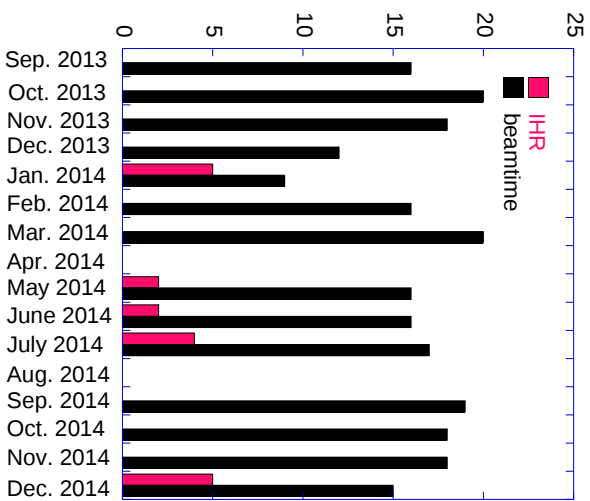
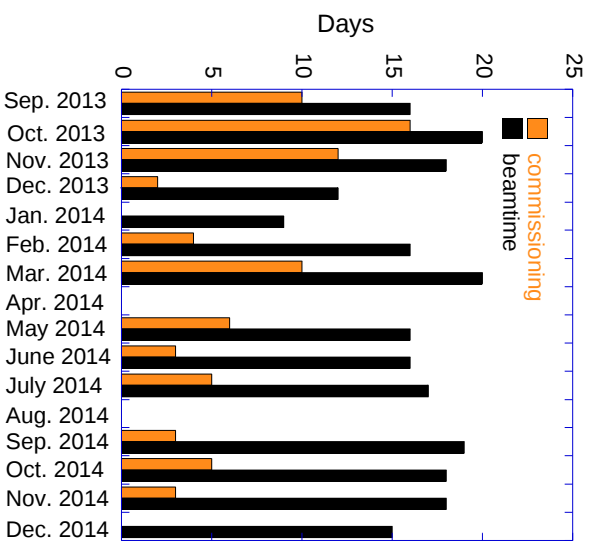
Carlo
Marini

Wojciech
Olszewski

Laura Simonelli

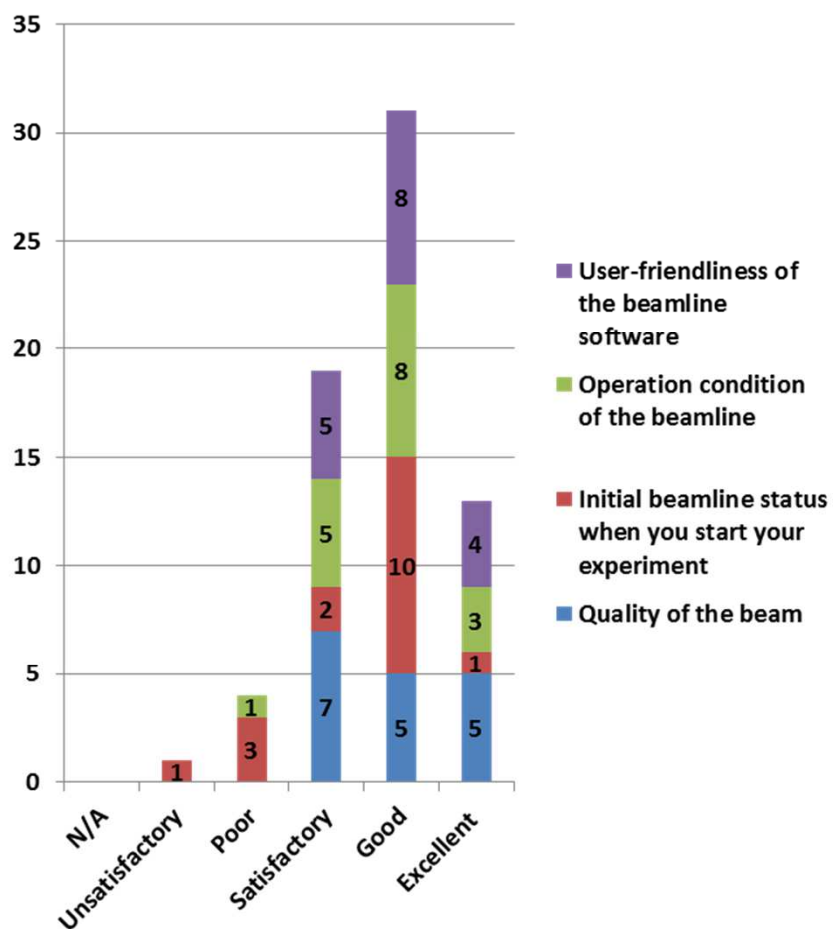
Marta Avila

Beam time allocation

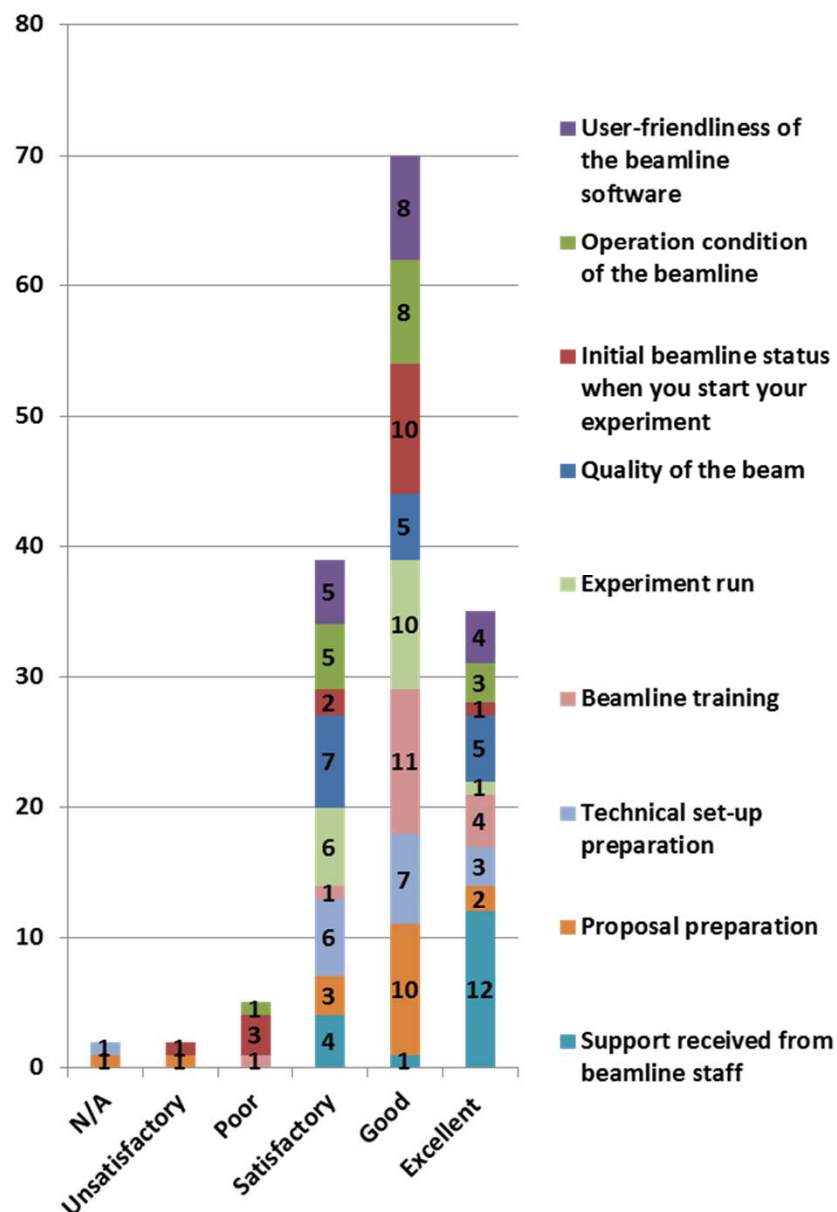


Users feedback received during 2013

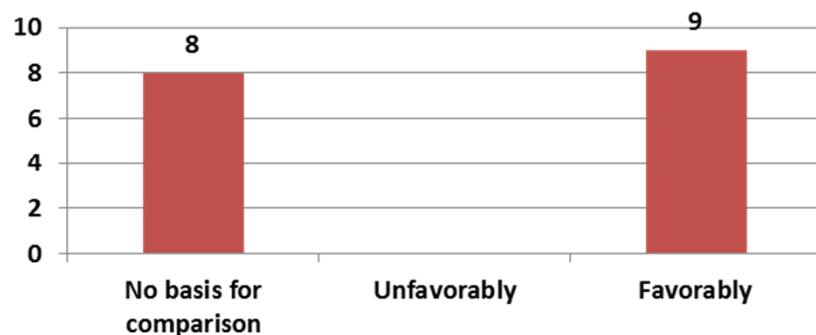
CLAEISS Beamline



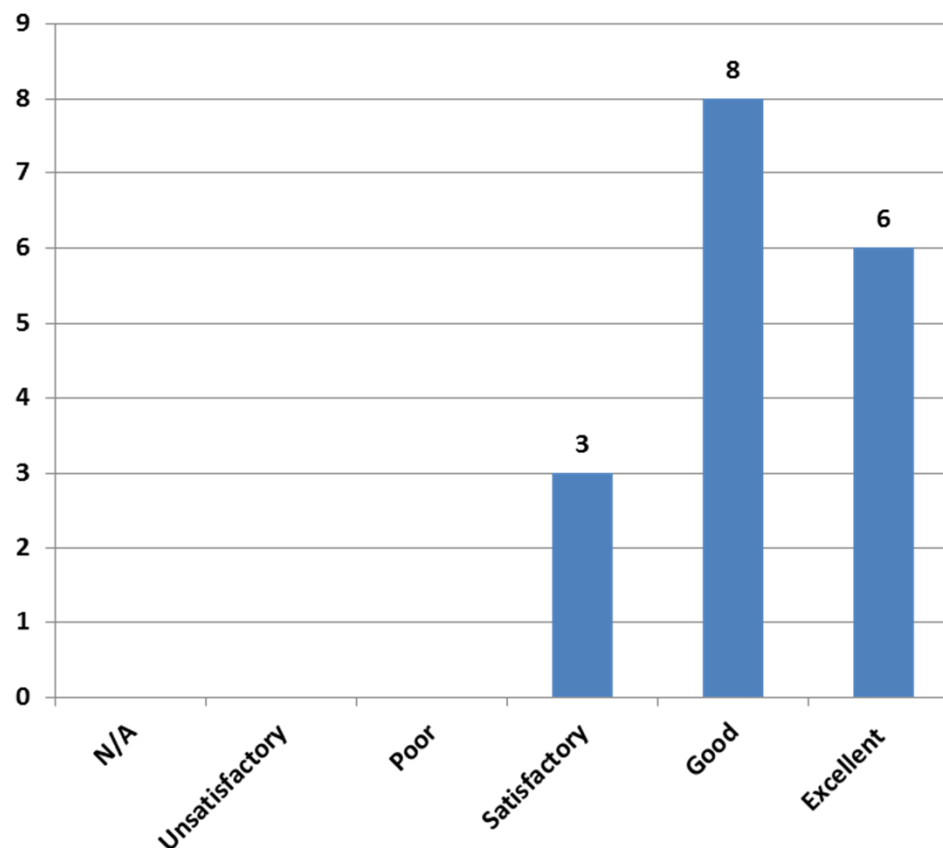
CLAEISS Beamline Staff

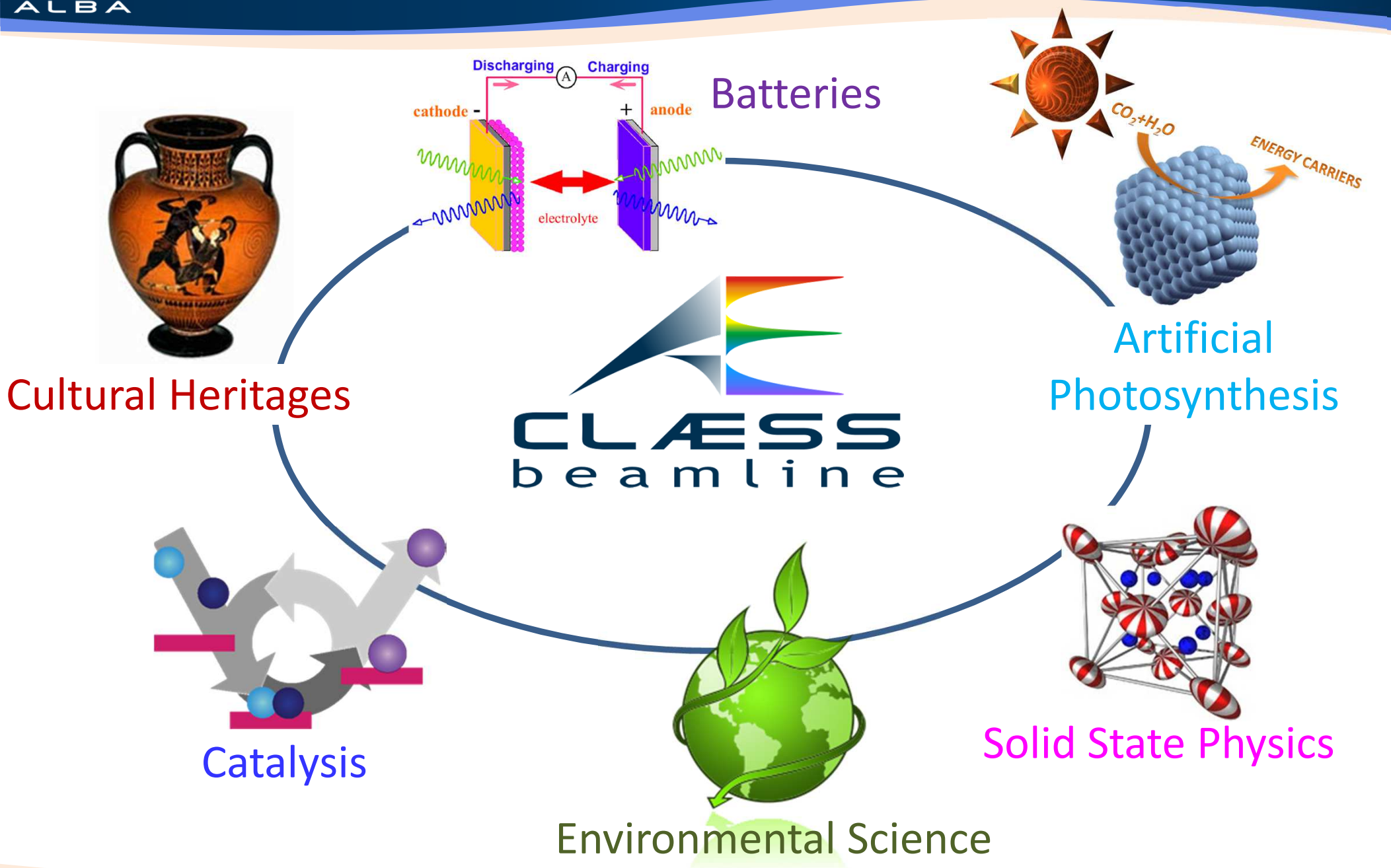


How does this beamline compare to others elsewhere in the world?



Access and support of present laboratories





Exceptional oxidation activity with size-controlled supported gold clusters of low atomicity

Avelino Corma et al., NATURE CHEMISTRY 5,775 (2013)

Low-Temperature Oxidation of Carbon Monoxide with Gold(III) Ions Supported on Titanium Oxide

Wolfgang Grünert et al., Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2014, 53, 3245 (2014)

Isomerization of α -pinene oxide using Fe-supported catalysts: Selective synthesis of campholenic aldehyde

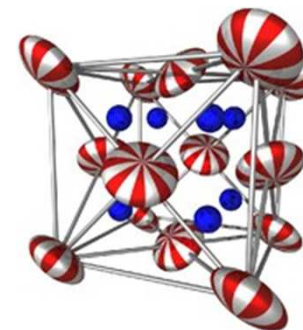
Martina Stekrova et al., Applied Catalysis A: General 470, 162 (2014)

Strong local lattice instability in hexagonal ferrites $R\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_4$ ($R = \text{Lu}, \text{Y}, \text{Yb}$) revealed by x-ray absorption spectroscopy

Sara Lafuerza et al., PHYSICAL REVIEW B 89, 045129 (2014).



Catalysis



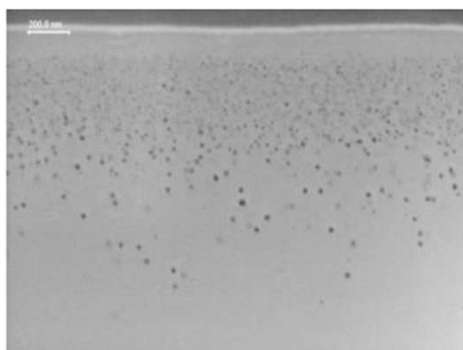
Solid State Physics

Cultural Heritages

(first fluorescence scans Dec. 2013)

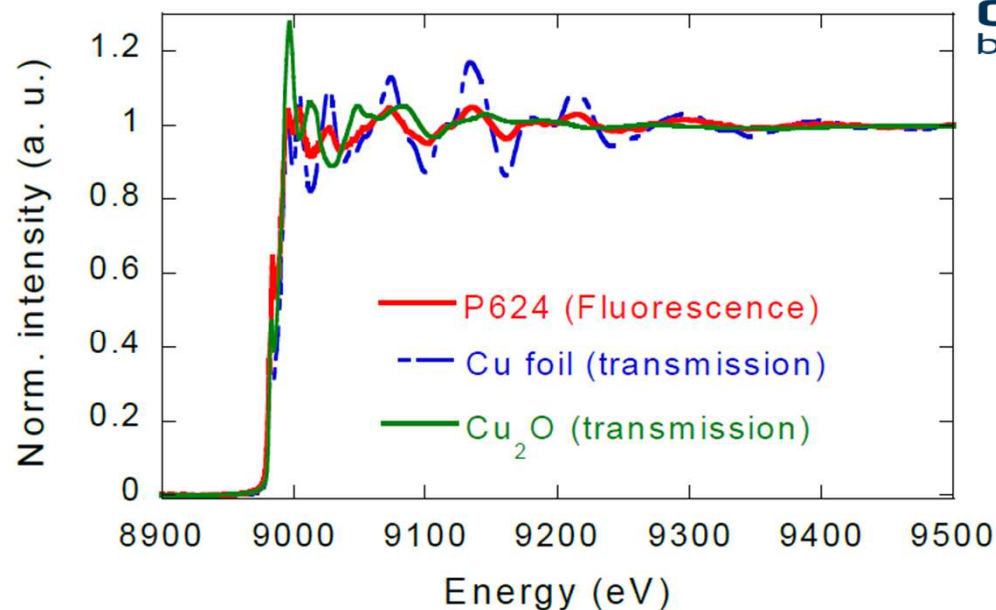


P624

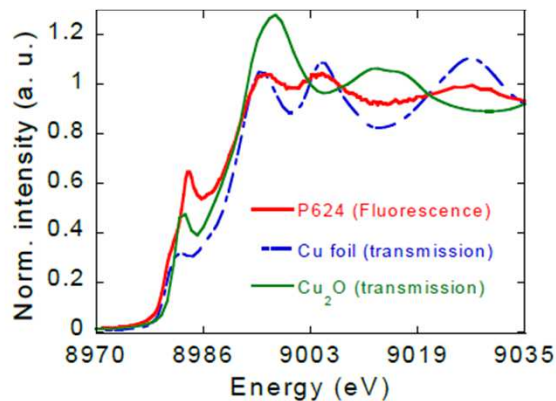
Courtesy of T. Pradell

P624 dark decoration

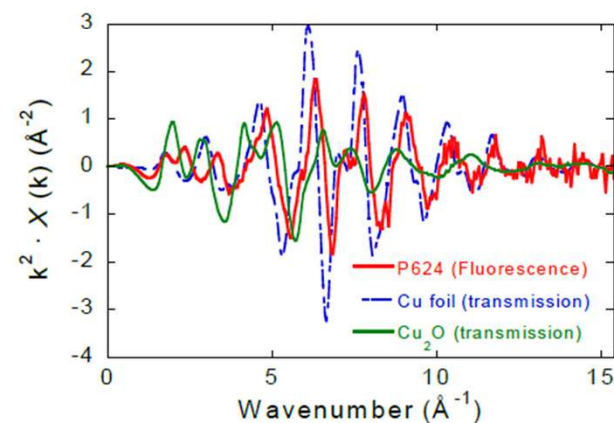
Cu k-edge EXAFS



XANES

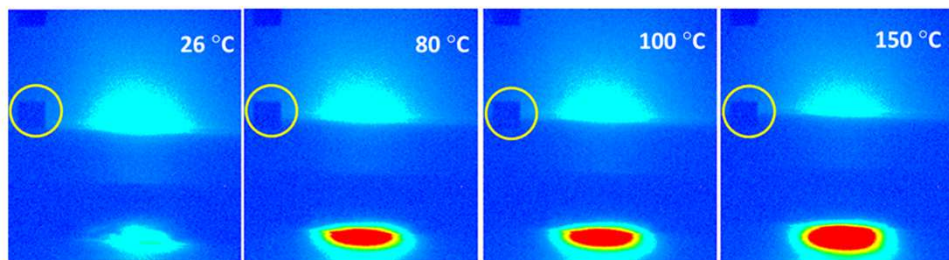
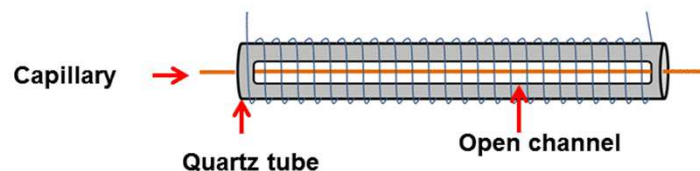
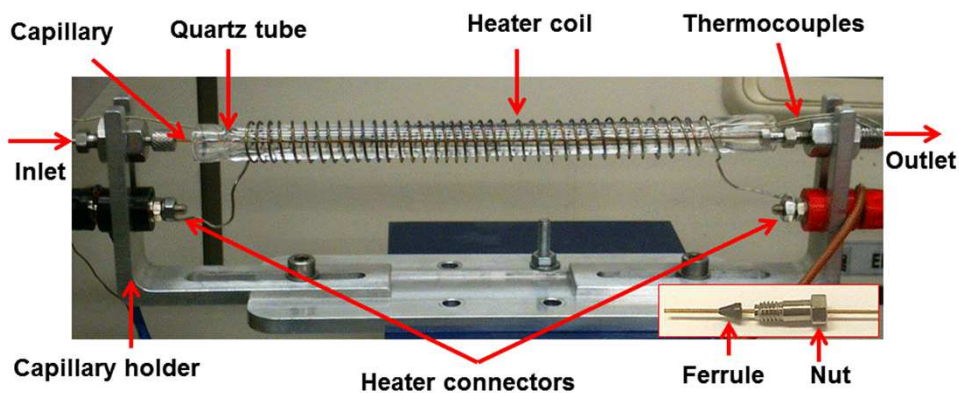


EXAFS



Catalysis

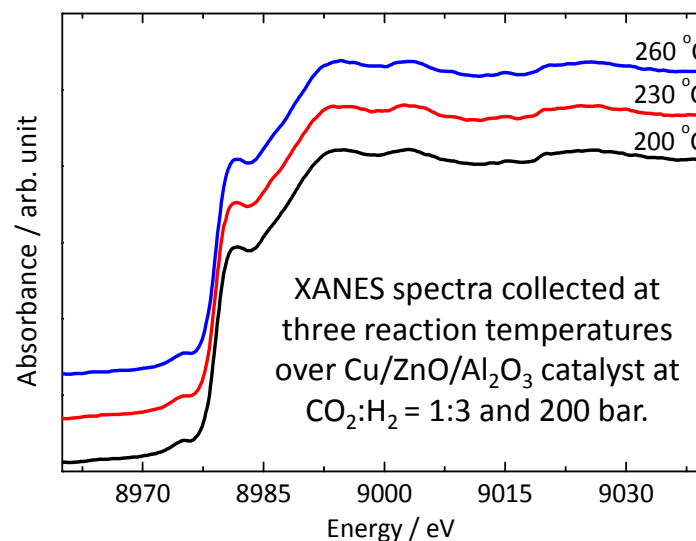
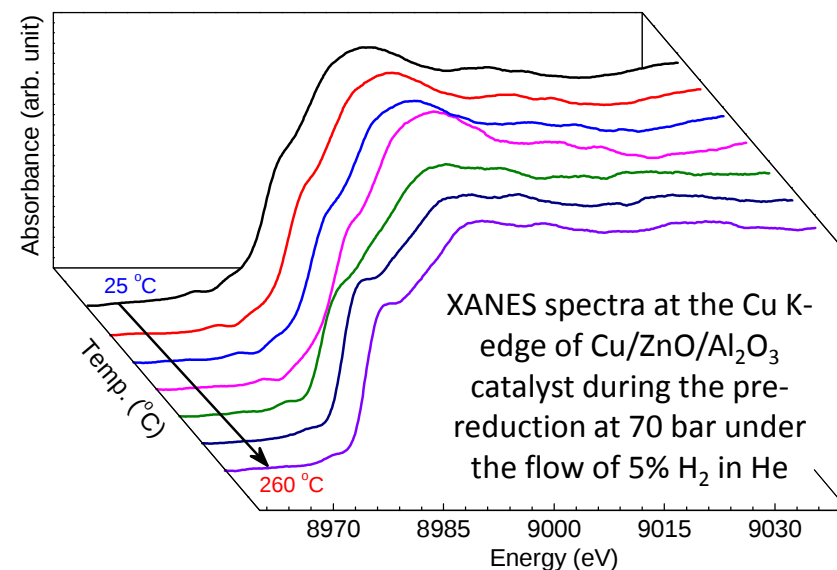
(high pressure reactor – up to 200 bar)

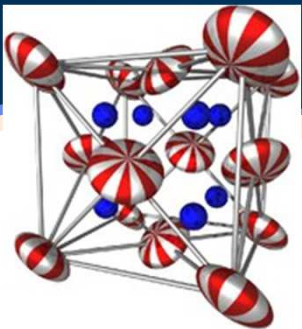


High-Pressure Enhanced Thermal Expansion



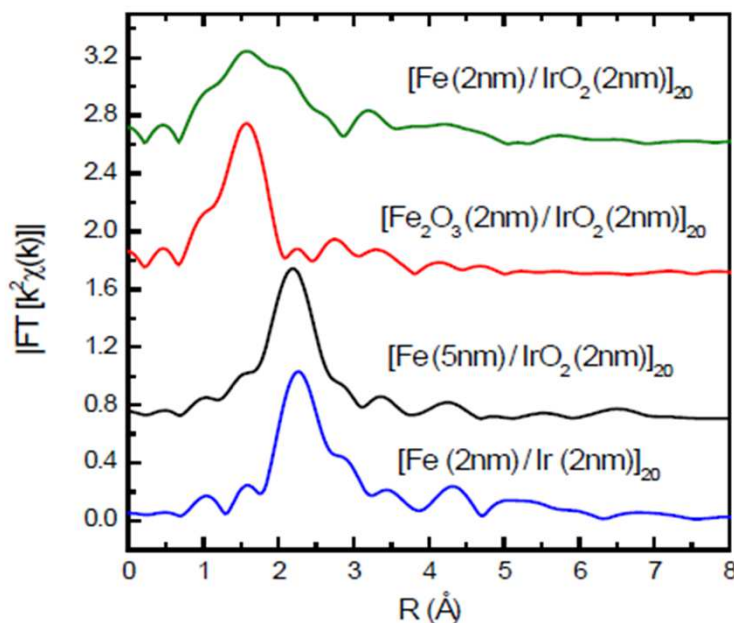
A. Bansode, G. Guilera, V. Cuartero, L. Simonelli, M. Avila and A. Urakawa, Submitted to Rev. Sci. Instrum.



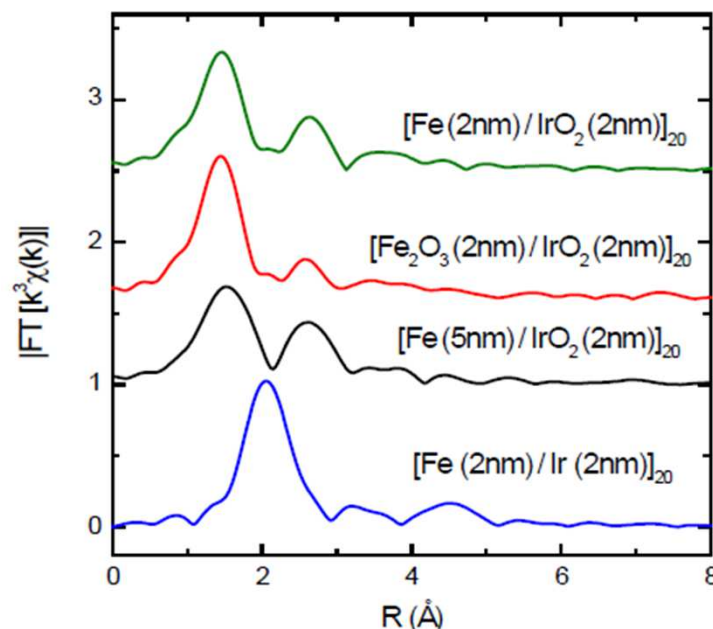


Courtesy of Maria Ángeles Laguna Marco
XAS study on the crystal and electronic structures
of $\text{Fe}(\text{FeO}_x)/\text{Ir}(\text{IrO}_2)$ multilayers.

Solid State Physics



FT of the Ir L_3 edge EXAFS



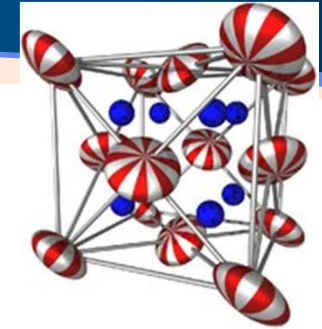
FT of the Ir L_3 edge EXAFS

The results indicate a fully oxidized Fe layer with a very similar crystal structure in all the samples. The Ir shell, on the other hand, evolves from pure metallic to a mixture of metal and oxide phases and finally to pure IrO_2 .

Differences in the $M(H)$ behavior can be associated to the state of the Ir layer.

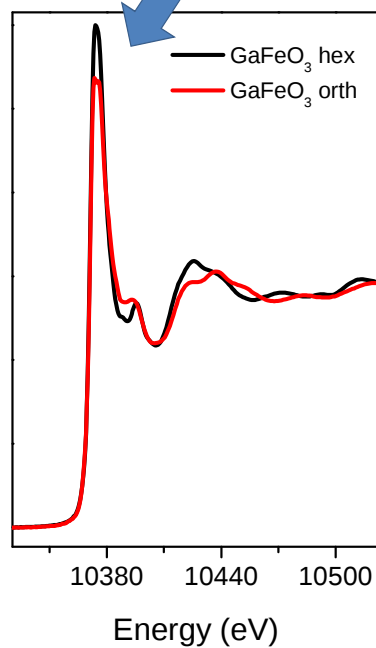
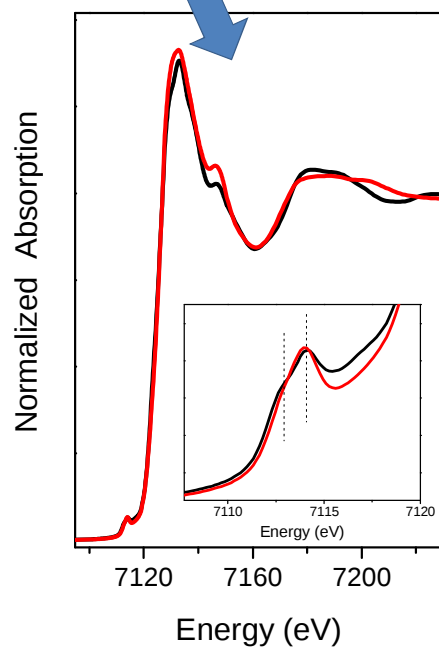
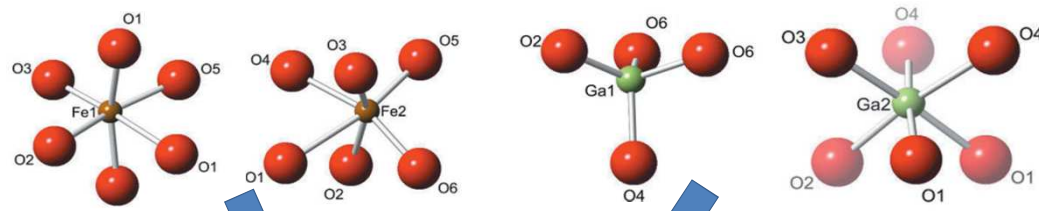
GaFeO₃

Combined analysis of **Fe** and **Ga** local environment
Local structure determination

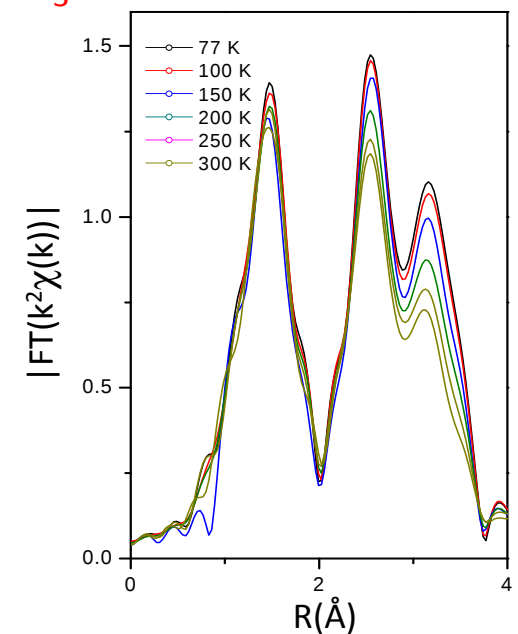
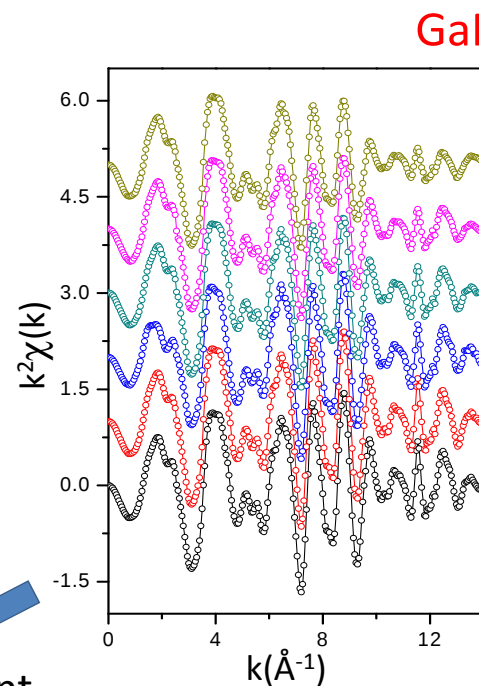


Solid State Physics

W. Olszewski et al., in preparation

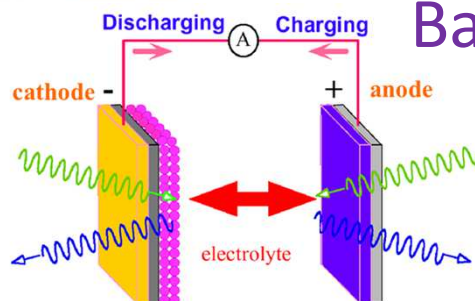


Fe-Ga local force constant

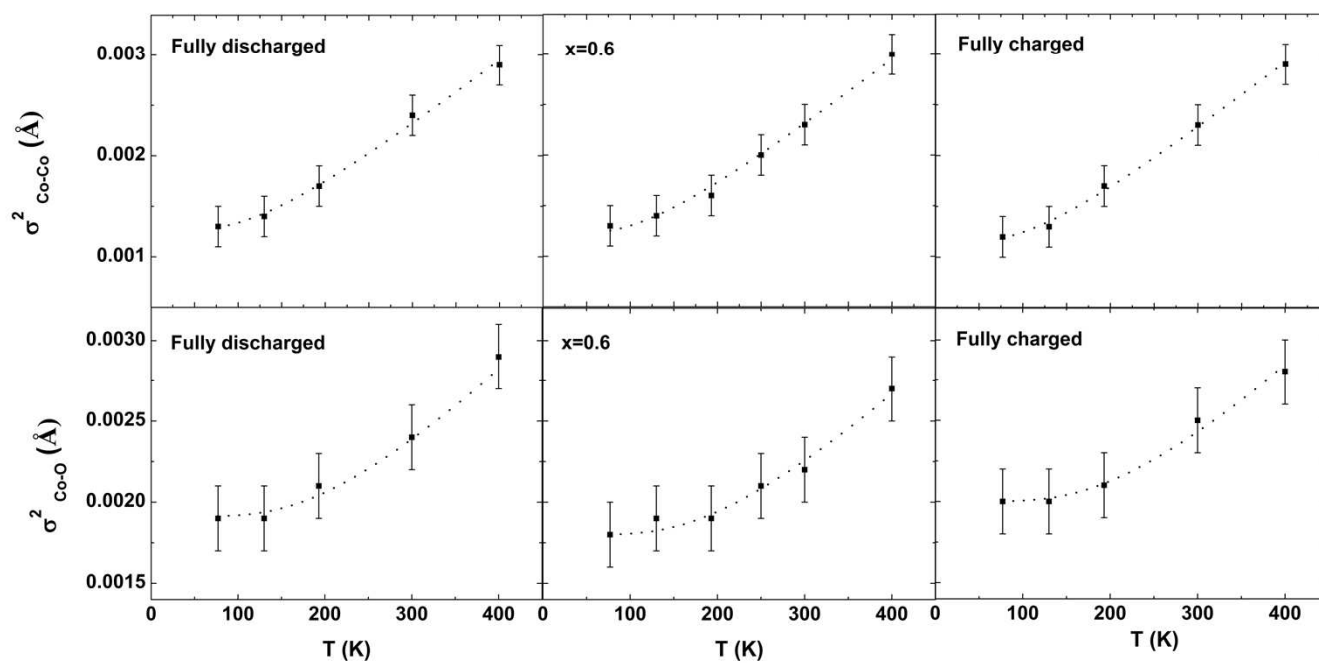
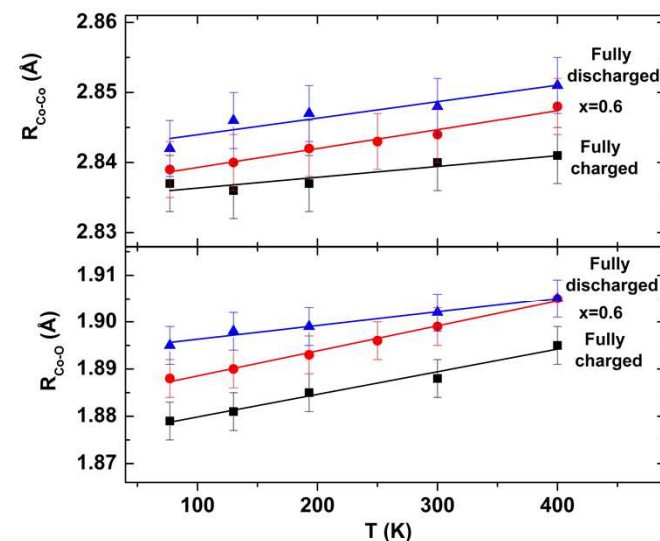
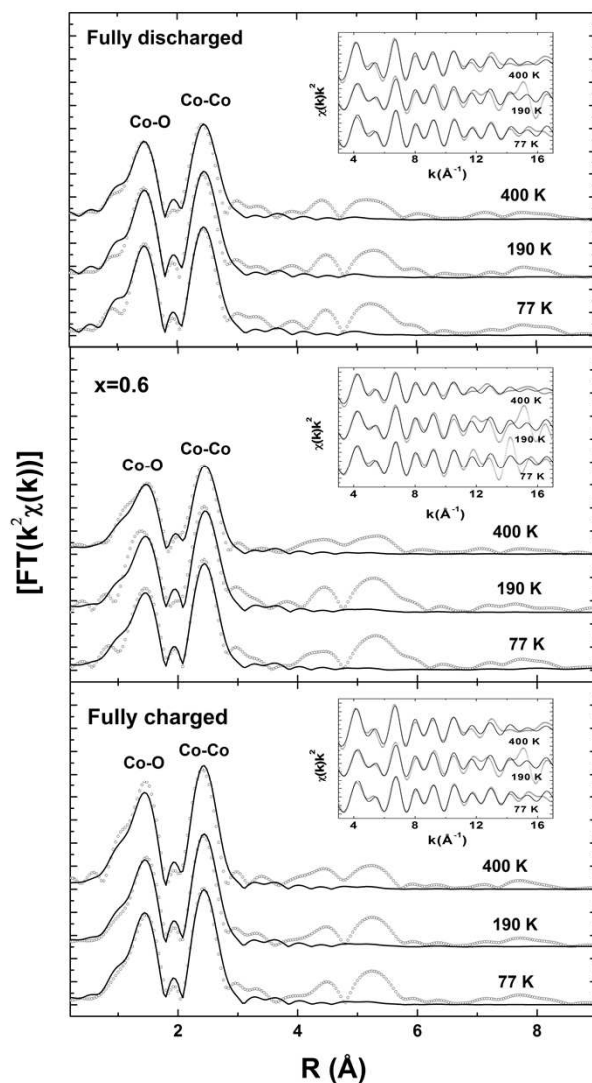


M. Avila et al.,
in preparation

Batteries



Study of the Co-O / Co-Co local
force strength as a function of
sodiation/desodiation



BL22 Status

Flux and stability

($\approx 10^{12}$ ph/s – beam displacement in $\pm 10\text{-}15\text{ }\mu\text{m}$)

Energy range

(2.4 – 70 keV)

Safety

(external gas cabinet – integrated gas detectors)

Experimental setups

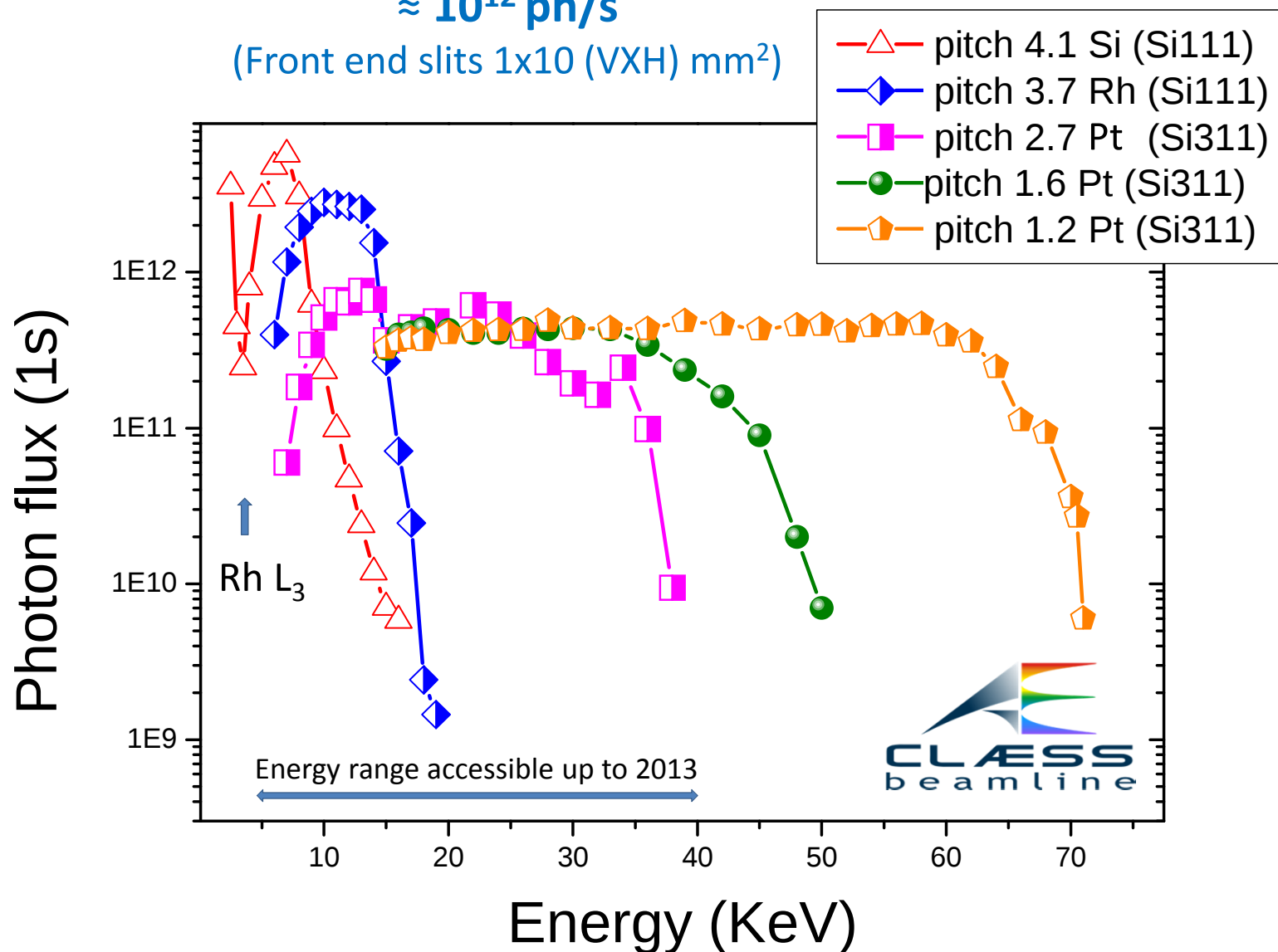
(remotely controlled temperature: 80-700 °C
Solid-gas reactor: 80-700°C / A.P.-8 bar)

Scan mode

(Continuous scan in transmission and fluorescence mode)

CLEAR

(under commissioning)

Flux at the sample from **2.4 to 70 keV** $\approx 10^{12}$ ph/s(Front end slits 1×10 (VXH) mm^2)



L-edges

hydrogen		k-edges (low photon flux)																helium															
1	H																	2	He														
1.0079																		4.0026															
lithium	3																	beryllium	4														
6.941	Li	9.0122	Be															9.0122															
sodium	11	12																	neon														
22.990	Na	Mg	24.305															20.180															

** Actinide series

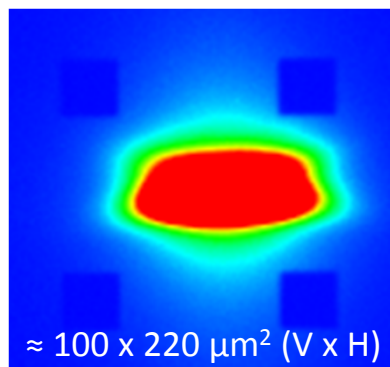
57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
La	Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb
138.91	140.12	140.91	144.24	144.91	150.36	151.96	157.25	158.93	162.50	164.93	167.26	168.93	173.04
scandium	thorium	protactinium	uranium	neptunium	plutonium	americium	curium	berkelium	californium	einsteinium	fermium	mendelevium	nobelium
89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102
Ac	Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No
227.03	232.04	231.04	238.03	237.05	244.06	243.06	247.07	247.07	251.08	252.08	257.10	258.10	259.10

The figure is a line graph representing an XPS spectrum for a Ti foil. The vertical axis is labeled 'Normalized Absorption' and ranges from 0.0 to 1.2 with major ticks every 0.2. The horizontal axis is labeled 'Energy (eV)' and ranges from 4860 to 5280 with major ticks every 40 units. The data is plotted as a solid blue line. It starts at a baseline of 0.0 from 4860 eV to about 4940 eV. At approximately 4940 eV, there is a sharp, narrow peak reaching a normalized absorption of about 0.4. This is followed by a steep rise to a broad peak centered around 4965 eV, which reaches a maximum normalized absorption of approximately 1.1. After this main peak, the spectrum shows several smaller peaks and oscillations: a peak at ~4985 eV (absorption ~1.05), a dip at ~5000 eV (absorption ~0.95), a peak at ~5020 eV (absorption ~1.05), a dip at ~5040 eV (absorption ~0.95), a peak at ~5060 eV (absorption ~1.05), and then smaller oscillations between 5080 and 5220 eV, eventually leveling off at a normalized absorption of about 1.0.

Beam displacement during a 1.1 keV scan (up to $\pm 7 \mu\text{m}$)

(investigated at different energies and with both Si(111) and Si(311) monochromator)

MOCO in position mode



	Si(311)	Si(111)	MOCO
Mn	$25 \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$	$20 \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$	ON
Mn	$360 \pm 10 \mu\text{m}$	$270 \pm 10 \mu\text{m}$	OFF
Co	$20 \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$	$60 \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$	ON
Co	$440 \pm 10 \mu\text{m}$	$220 \pm 10 \mu\text{m}$	OFF
Ni	$15 \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$	$35 \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$	ON
Ni	$310 \pm 10 \mu\text{m}$	$200 \pm 10 \mu\text{m}$	OFF
Fe	$30 \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$	$25 \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$	ON
Fe	$330 \pm 10 \mu\text{m}$	$360 \pm 10 \mu\text{m}$	OFF
Cu	$20 \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$	$35 \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$	ON
Cu	$310 \pm 10 \mu\text{m}$	$200 \pm 10 \mu\text{m}$	OFF

Safety

New gases cabinet, CO and flammable dedicated detectors installed outside and inside the experimental hutch



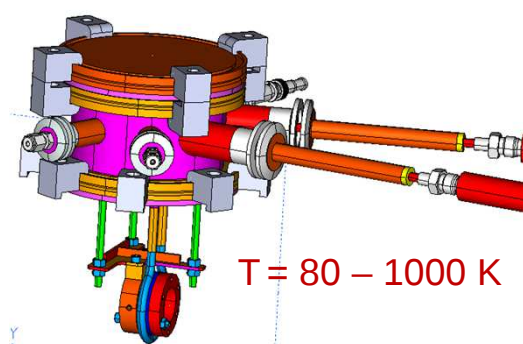
Experimental setups

In-situ cell for catalysis

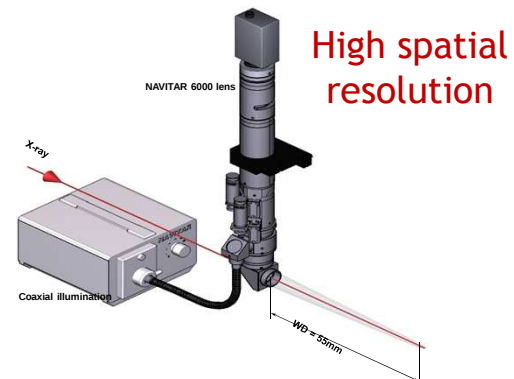


$T = 300 - 1000 \text{ K}$ $T = 80 - 1000 \text{ K}$
 $P_{\text{max}} = 8 \text{ bar}$ $P_{\text{max}} = 4 \text{ bar}$
Fluo. & transm. Transmission

LN2/furnace system



In line NAVITAR camera (I. Sics)



New prototype of in-situ cell for catalysis:

- Transmission and fluorescence geometry
- $T = 80 - 1000 \text{ K}$
- In vacuum (low energy accessible)
- Expected pressure range below 20 bar

Iulian Preda et. al, working in progress



XAS scan mode

Continuous scan in transmission mode

$E < 30 \text{ keV}$

$\approx 5 \text{ (10) min per scan XANES (EXAFS)}$

Up to 4000 points

Step scan in transmission and fluorescence mode

$2.4 < E < 70 \text{ keV}$

$\approx 10 \text{ (60) min per scan XANES (EXAFS)}$

Continuous scan in fluorescence mode

$E < 30 \text{ keV}$

In commissioning since June 2014

CLEAR

x-ray emission spectrometer (2-22 keV)

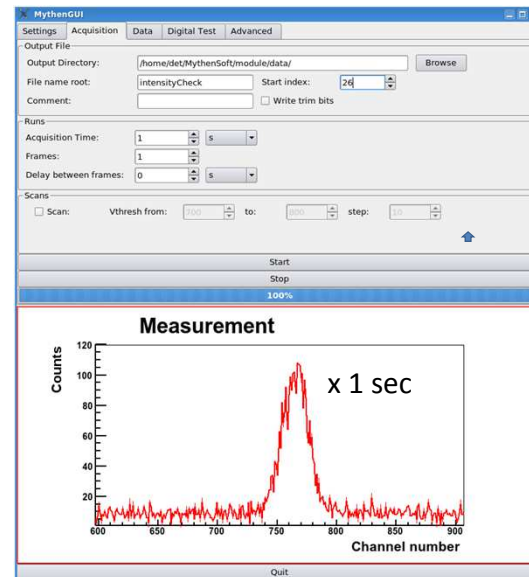
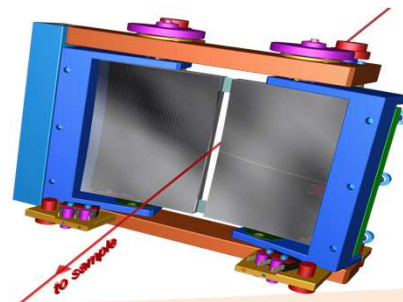
In commissioning from May 2014

Si(555) reflection on Mythen

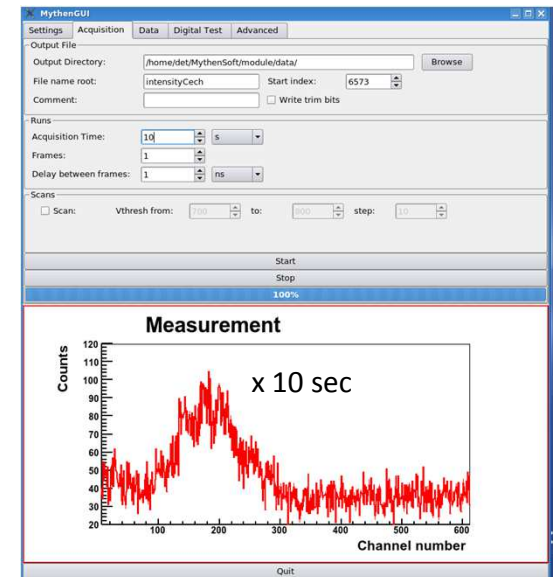


First fixed radius analyzer
prototype in commissioning –
first users on **Dec. 2014**

Final analyzer bender project
ready for **Feb. 2015**

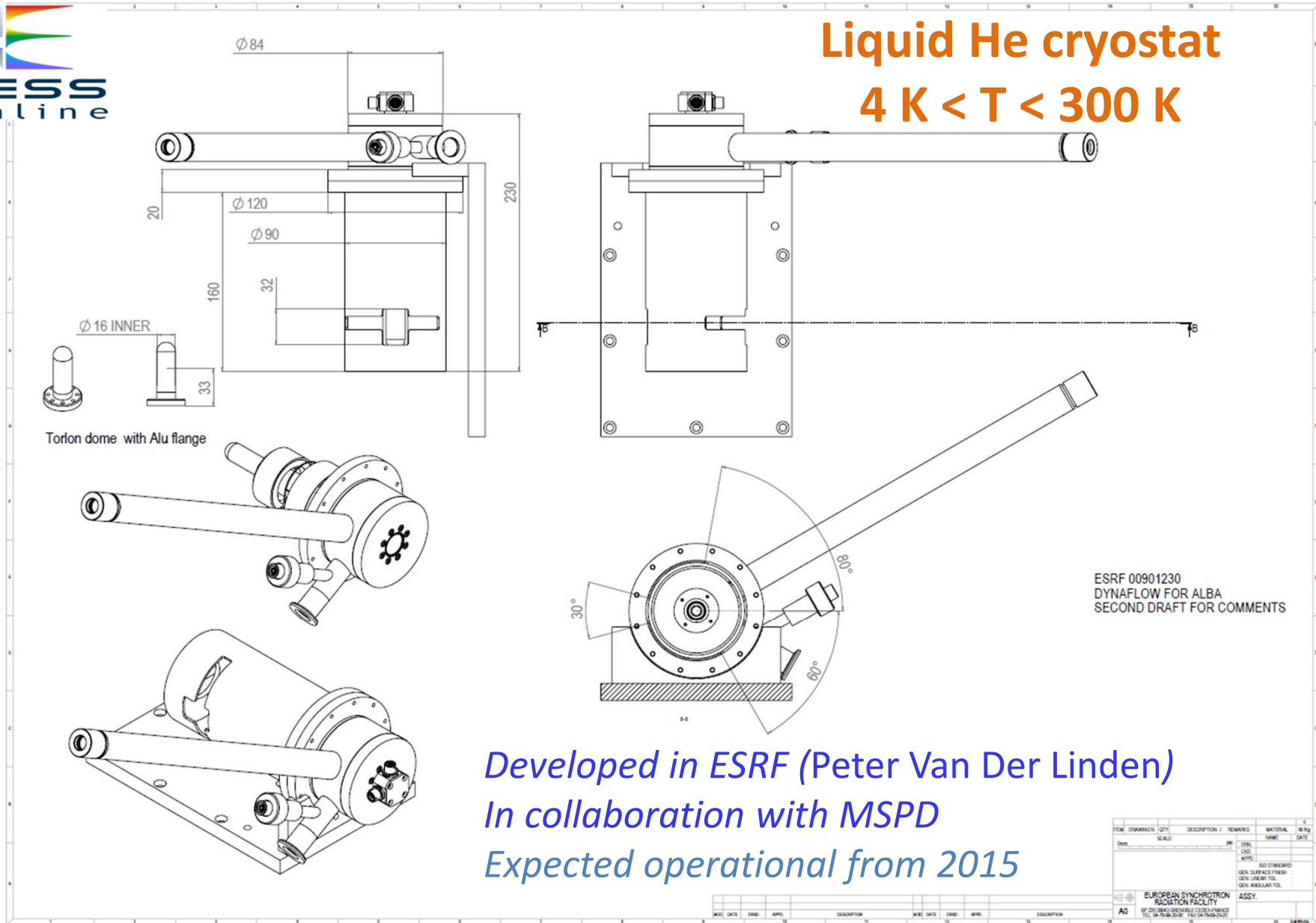


Verbeni's Si(555) diced
 $3 \cdot 10^3$ cps



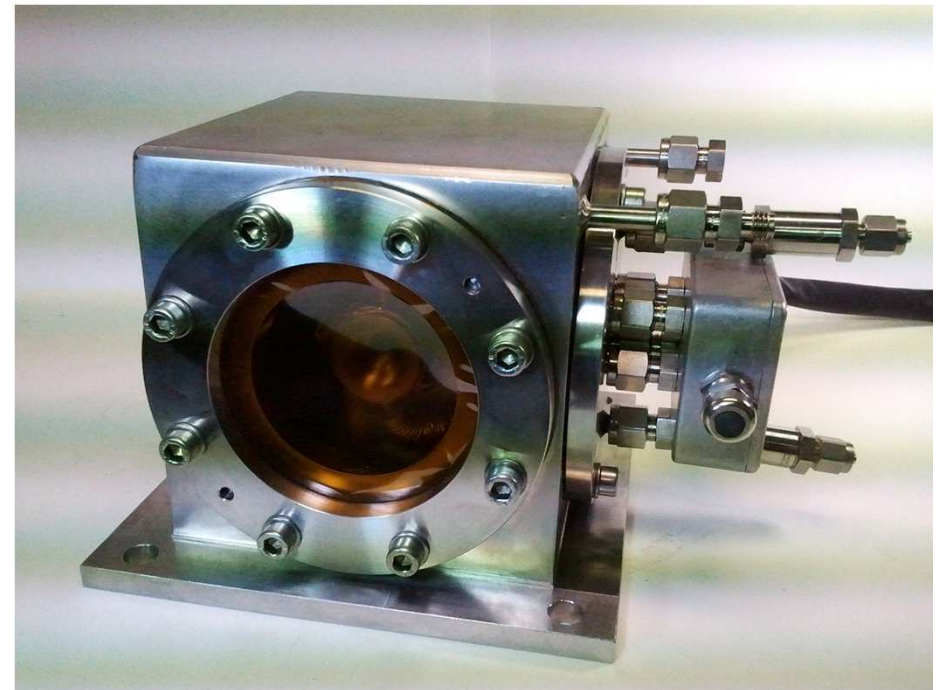
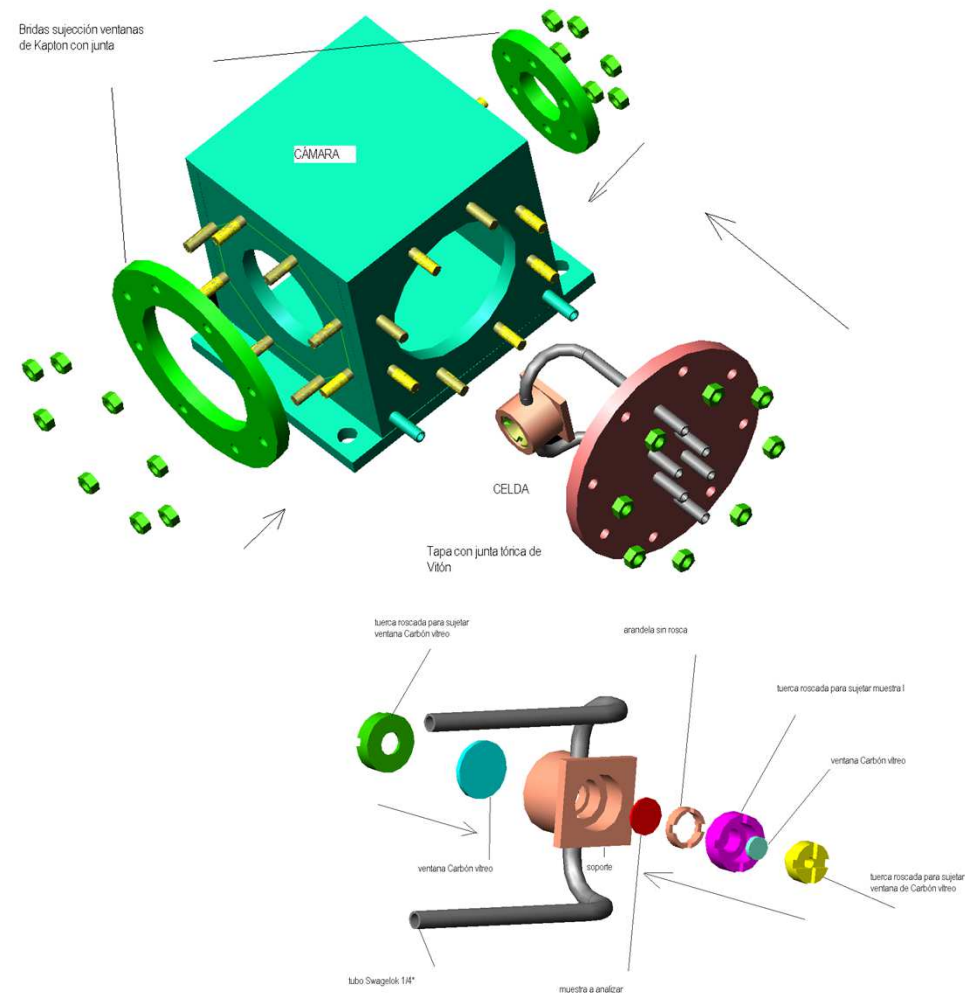
5 Si(555) diced stripes
 $660 \text{ cps} \rightarrow 4 \cdot 10^3 \text{ cps}$ for a
full Verbeni diced analyser

Liquid He cryostat $4\text{ K} < T < 300\text{ K}$



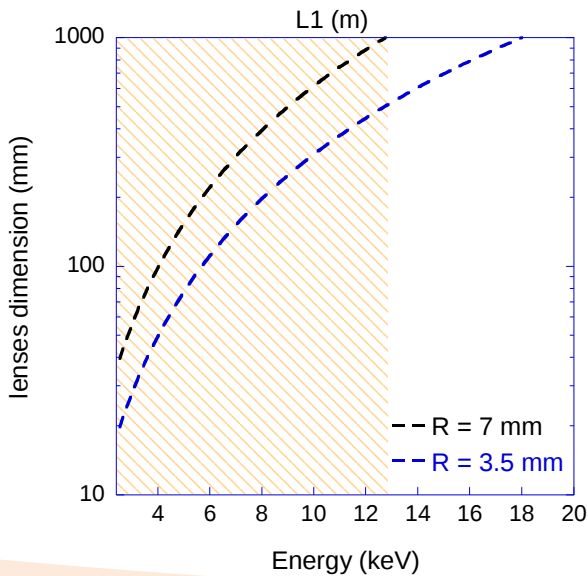
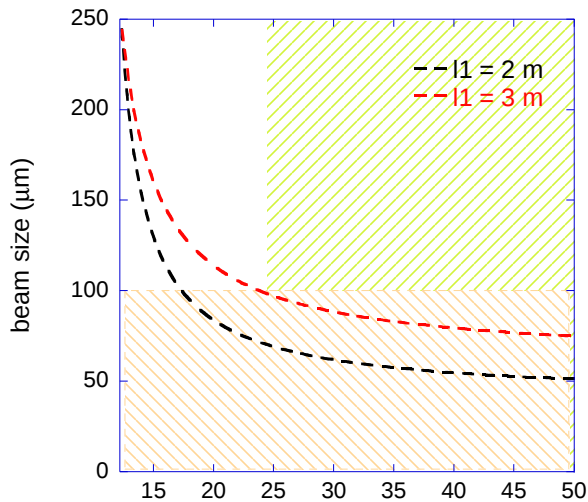
Developed in ESRF (Peter Van Der Linden)
In collaboration with MSPD
Expected operational from 2015

New liquid-solid-gas reactor cell $300\text{ K} < T < 1000\text{ K}$ $P < 20\text{ bar}$

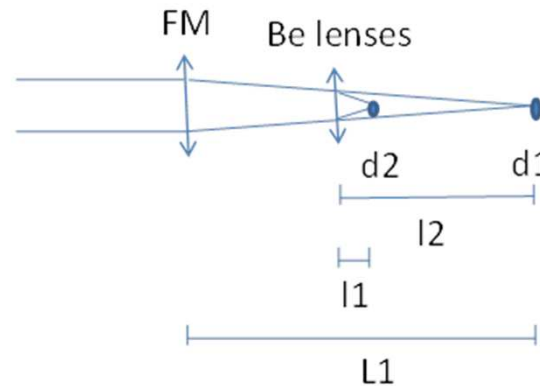


*Developed in the ITQ in collaboration with MSPD
Expected operational from 2015*

Beam size reduction – Be lenses ?



VERTICAL PLANE

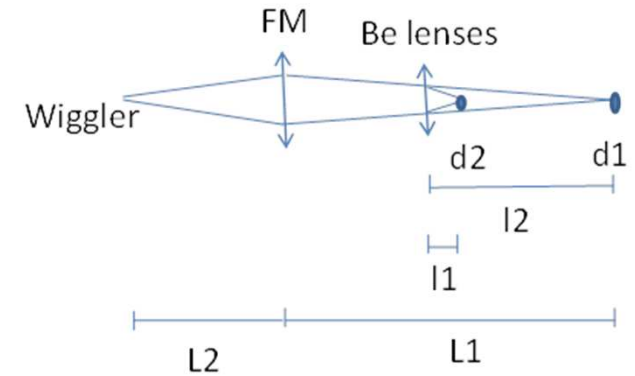


$$1/L1 = 2/(R \cdot \sin\theta) ; \quad \theta \sim 0.002 \text{ rad}$$

$$l1 \sim 2 \text{ or } 3 \text{ m}$$

$$M_{CRL}/M_{OF} = (L1 \cdot l1)/[(L1 - l2 + l1) \cdot l2]$$

HORIZONTAL PLANE



$$1/L1 + 1/L2 = 2 \cdot \sin\theta / \rho ; \quad \theta \sim 0.002 \text{ rad}$$

$$l1 \sim 2 \text{ or } 3 \text{ m}$$

$$M_{CRL}/M_{OF} = (L1 \cdot l1)/[(L1 - l2 + l1) \cdot l2]$$

IMAGING ?

High-PRESSURE ?





XAS Chemical, electronic, and structural information **(2.4 - 70 keV)**

XES electronic, magnetic, and structural information **(2 - 22 keV)**

Beamline performance:

1. Continuous scan in transmission mode (5-10 min scan)
2. XAS in transmission and fluorescence detection mode
3. XES – *first analyser prototype expected operational from 2015*
4. Stable beam-position ($\pm 10 \mu\text{m}$) and beam-size (200-500 μm) for $2.4 < E < 70 \text{ keV}$

Experimental set-ups:

1. Remote temperature controller from 80 K to 800 K
2. In-situ cell for solid-gas reactions (80 K – 700 K)
3. Low temperature cryostat (4 K – 300 K) - *Expected operational from 2015*

Thanks to:

Old and new CLÆSS team:

Konstantin Klementiev, Gemma Guilera, Vera Cuartero,

Laura Simonelli, Carlo Marini, Marta Avila, Wojciech Olszewski

Controls Engineers: Roberto Homs

Electronic Engineers: José Ávila

Mechanical Engineers: Llibert Ribó

Technicians: José Prieto, Edmundo Fraga



Special thanks to: Josep Nicolás, Igors Sics, Salvador Ferrer, Iulian Preda, Yury Nikitin, Zbigniew Reszela, Ricardo Valcárcel, Daniel Roldán, Marc Rosanes, Robert Oliete, Rafael Montaña, Jerzy Jamroz, Jordi Navarro, Francesc Farré, David Fernández, Óscar Matilla, Guifré Cuní, Alejandro Crisol, Fabien Rey, Marta Llonch, Carles Colldelram, José Ferrer, Carme Mármol, Xavier Queralt...

Collaborators: Olivier Mathon (ESRF-Grenoble), Atsushi Urakawa's group (ICIQ-Tarragona), Fernando Rey's group (ITQ-Valencia), Joaquín García's group (ICMA-Zaragoza).