

Neutron Scattering and Muon Spectroscopy Integrated Infrastructure Initiative (II): February 2012 – 2016

Created in 2003 – FP6 funding NMI3-I funded by FP7 (9.9 M€ for February 2009 – 2013) NMI3-II funded by FP7 (13.35 M€)

Trans National Access (6.7 M€) Networking Activities (1.8 M€) Joint Research Activities (4.2 M€)

18 partners from 11 countries

10 produce neutrons and muons at 8 facilities (from France, UK, Germany, Switzerland, Hungary, Czech Rep, Netherlands)

8 'non-producing' partners (from Spain, Italy, Denmark, Sweden)



Networking/Coordination Activities (Juergen Neuhaus)

- "To further develop the culture of co-operation between NMI3 partners, in particular in the areas of training and outreach"
- Management inc. industry events (WP1)
- Dissemination (WP2)
- E-learning (WP3)
- Education Umbrella of 14 supported schools (WP4)
- Integrated user access (WP5)
- Data analysis software (WP6)



Joint Research Activities (JRAs)

- "To respond to new challenges in instrumentation and methods via focussed joint research collaborations"
- New topics:
 - Imaging (RTD, WP18: Nikolay Kardjilov, HZB)
 - Advanced Methods and Techniques (RTD, WP19: Phil Bentley, ESS → Javier Campo, ICMA)
 - Advanced tools for Soft and Biomaterials (RTD, WP20: Annie Brulet, LLB)
- Continuing topics:
 - Muons (RTD, WP17: Steve Cottrell, ISIS)
 - Detectors (RTD, WP21: Nigel Rhodes, ISIS)



NMI3-II

The Transnational Access Programme:

a success story for more than 20 years

Stefan Janssen
Paul Scherrer Institute
Villigen, Switzerland



What is the Transnational Access Programme?

User facilities (e.g. neutron, muon, synchrotron, ... facilities) **provide beamtime** (access) to users from foreign countries (**transnational**)

Those users are **supported by Travel and Subsistence (T&S)** by the access programme

Beam time allocation is based on hard (**scientific excellence**) and soft (new user groups, Ph.D. students, users from countries without national source, ...) criteria

Facilities get **reimbursed by beam fees** (user fees) through the access programme and are free how to use that money (e.g. for hiring instrument scientists to **support the user programme**, buying sample environment equipment etc)



Access programme – member facilities

6.7 M€

10 facilities
8 neutron sources
2 muon sources

10 institutions





Overview - NMI3-II access data

Parti- cipant number	n short	name of	Operato r country code	accass	unit cost (€)	Fraction of unit cost charged to EC project	Estimated total quantity of access to be provided over project period	Estimated Access cost	Estimated number of experiment	number
2	STFC	ISIS Neutron s	UK	68	15865.75	100%	11004	1 078 871	64	125
2	STFC	ISIS Muons	UK	14	15865.75	100%	11004	222 121	13	26
3	TUM	FRM II	DE	462	3300	48.1%	21120	1 524 600	120	215
5	PSI	SINQ	СН	262	2897	52.5%	6750	759 014	80	110
5	PSI	SμS	СН	123	2898.72	63.2%	2700	356 543	50	65
6	HZB	BER II	DE	300	2493.54	56.7%	19800	748 062	75	150
7	CEA	LLB	FR	271	3352.94	70%	16560	908 647	54	92
9	MTA EK	BRR	HU	150	1599.29	55%	1800	239 894	32	45
12	TUD	RID	NL	90	2013	89%	6400	181 176	10	20
13	NPI	NPI	CZ	92	1203.66	100%	2688	110 737	10	17

Minimum: 1800 days

500 expts 850 users

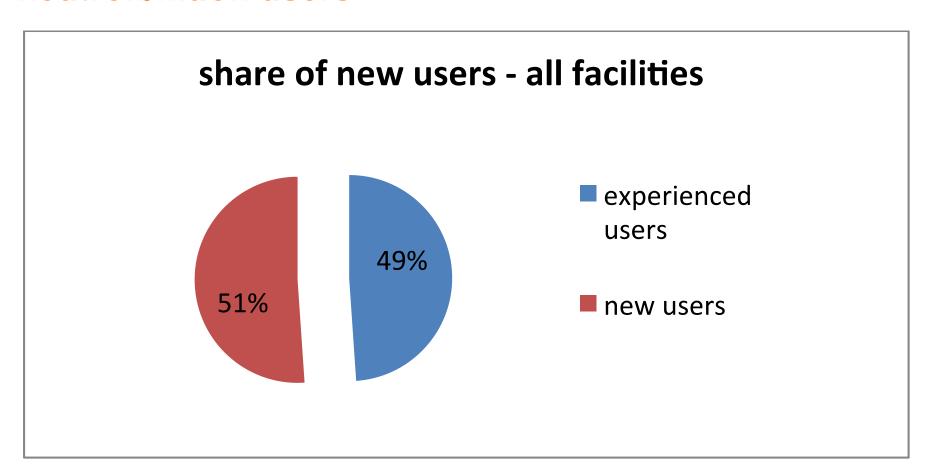


Overview – delivered days – PR1 (37% of duration):

	eligible user projects	funded projects	beam days	% delivered		
STFC Neutrons	167	32	32	47.1		
STFC Muons	27	6	6	42.9		
TUM	107	107	515	111.5		
PSI Neutrons	331	59	276	105.3		
PSI Muons	160	26	89	72.4		
HZB	175	71	517	172.3		
CEA	19	19	105	38.7		
MTA EK	38	21	112	74.7		
TUD	14	10	75	82.9		
NPI	10	6	61	66.3		
Total	1048	357	1788			



The access programme attracts many new neutron/muon users

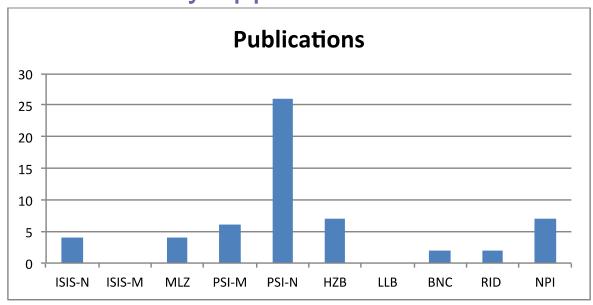




Scientific output: publications

PR1:

- 854 eligible proposals,
 380 selected for funding (44%)
- 50 publications based on NMI3 funded experiments have already appeared



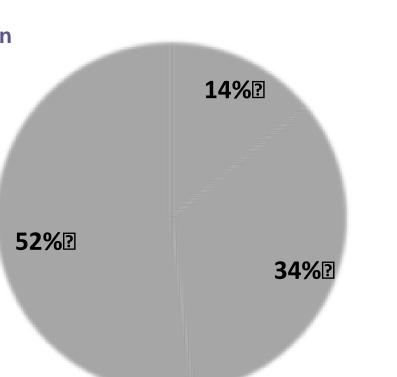


Impact of publications:

Impact of MI3 publications 2012-13 ?

- Angew. Chemie Int. Edition
- Physical Review Letters
- New Phytologist
- Soft Matter
- Langmuir
- Inorganic Chemistry
- J. Applied Cryst.
- Appl. Physics Letters
- Physical Review B

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PRL№ @F PRB @ (3.4) ?

IFI≹®RB®



win – win situation for:

the users:

they can perform their experiments at world class facilities and get the best possible results

the facilities:

they get partly re-imbursed for their immense operation costs (20 – 50 M€/year)

the EC:

the access programme helps the EC to meet the **Grand Challenges** by hundreds of publications



NMI3-II

Integrated User Access – WP5

Stefan Janssen
Paul Scherrer Institute
Villigen, Switzerland



Integrated User Access – what is it about?

Work package number	5 Start date or starting event:								M0		
Work package title	Integrated User Access										
Activity Type	COORD										
Participant number	6	3	9	8	4	1	2	7	13	5	12
Participant short											
name	HZB	TOM	BNC- AEKI	HZG	Jülich	1	STFC	CEA	IdN	PSI	TUD
Person-months per participant (total incl. own contribution):	8	48	4	8	4	4	4	8	2	4	2

11 partner facilities

- mainly user offices -

In order to structure and harmonize an integrated access format to European national neutron and muon facilities for the scientific users an 'Integrated User Access (IUA)' Networking Activity should consider and develop

- strategies and forms for a common integrated user registration (prototype)
- harmonized proposal forms and templates
- optimized peer review processes and
- possible platforms for cross source beam time access

In addition, better statistical survey on European user access could be possible.

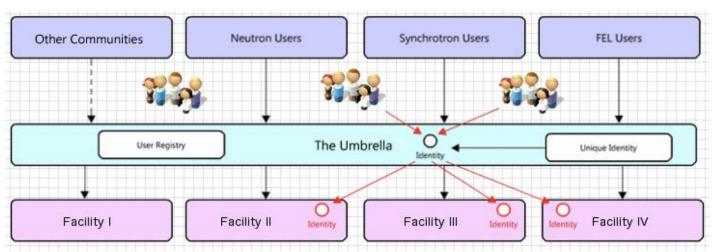


strategies and forms for a common integrated user registration (prototype)

<u>Umbrella</u> is the pan-European federated identity system for the users of the European large photon / neutron / muon facilities. Such a kind of an IT platform is offered to this community for the first time:

- •EU wide unique, persistent ID
- community overlapping
- •commonly developed within several EU Projects (PanData, CRISP, EuroFEL, NMI3, BioStruct-X,...





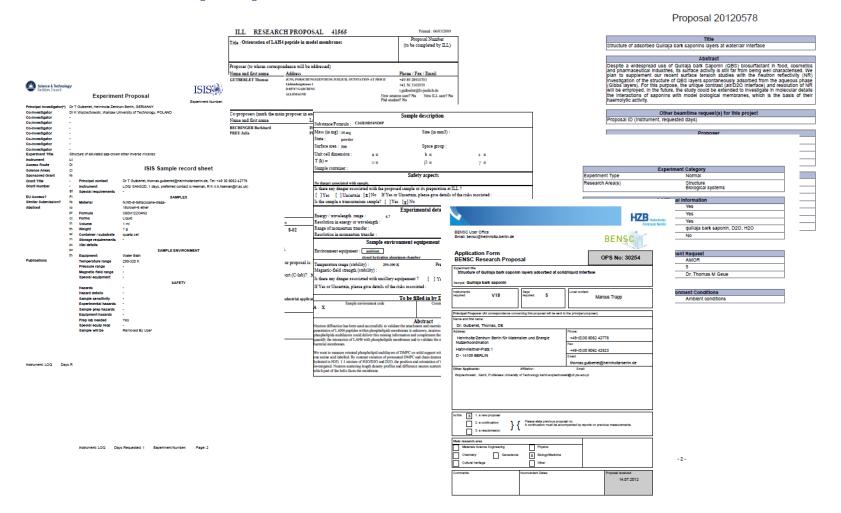


Harmonized proposal forms

- •Forms and templates of proposal submissions at existing DUO applications will be compared.
- •Harmonized proposal template adopted for the individual requirements will be proposed and prepared for implementation.



Harmonized proposal forms



01.12.2014



Harmonized proposal forms – 3 parts

General Part

Proposer

Prename

Surname

Nationality

Gender

Institution

Department

Street

ZIP

Town

Phone

Fax

e-mail

Organisation

Status

Technical Part

Instrument

Wavelength

Polarization

excitation energy

energy resolution

momentum transfer ra

momentum transfer re

temperature range

temperature stability

pressure range

field range

field homogeneity

sample environment

on-site lab use

Scientific Part

Scientific description

abstract/summary

scientific

context/background

necessity of neutron use

choice of instrument

preliminary work

detailed experimental plan

publication record

requirements
can/mounting device
le
associated

dooociated

after experiment



Possible platforms for cross source beam time access

- •Idea: one proposal asks for beamtime at several facilities, e.g. neutrons and photons
- Various models have been evaluated and discussed
- •Works where single centres have N and X, also ILL & ESRF for SAS







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User survey -

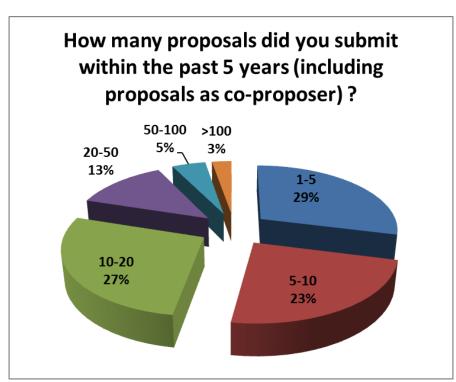
Where the users are and what the users do:
A survey on users of European neutron/muon facilities

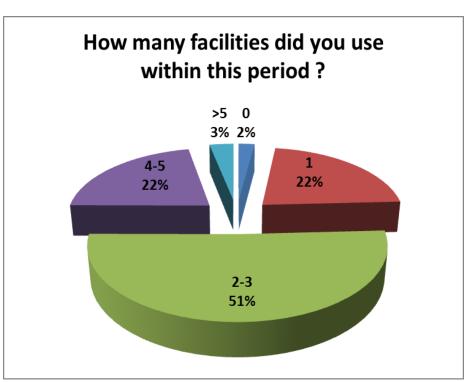
T. Gutberlet, S. Janssen Neutron News **25**, 43 (2014)

doi: 10.1080/10448632.2014.870805



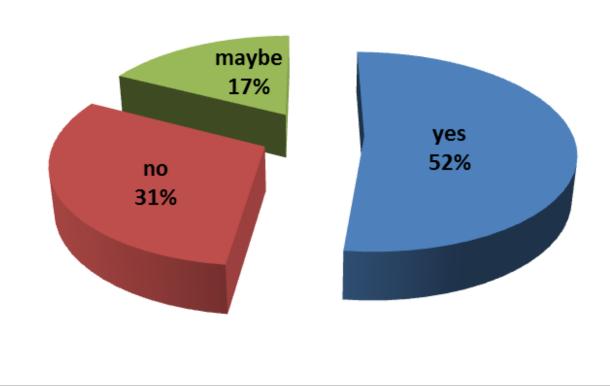
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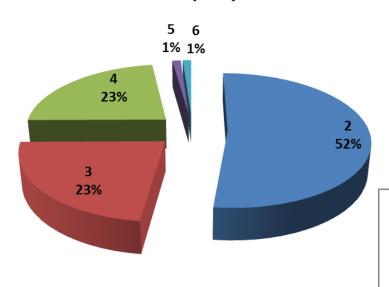


Would you like to share submitted proposals to several facilities for review?

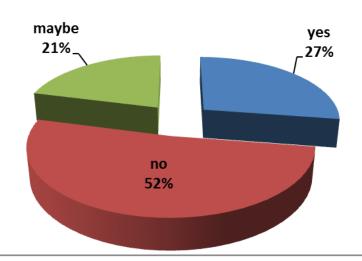




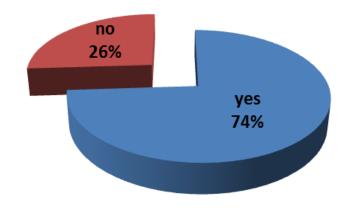
How often would you like proposal deadlines per year?



Would you prefer a continuous proposal submission process?



Are proposal deadlines as often if you want?



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A few personal thoughts – what we do and how we do it:

- Consultation is a good thing
- Results can be ambiguous
- Don't wait for the majority to ask for change
 We are all conservative, anticipate change, try new things
- User profiles are changing
 Less experts, more multi-disciplinary
- More frequent proposal reviews using state-of-the-art IT
- Rapid access to beamtime
- Industry wants 1 month between idea and experiment
- Time to travel reduced
 Remote access to instruments
- → Neutron scattering in the lab (at home)! Instrument scientists having been doing it for more than a decade